CASE NO. 11-cv-08607-R-DTB

REPLY OF RECEIVER TO **OPPOSITION OF CERTAIN LIMITED PARTNERS OF CP-10** AND MURALIGOPAL TO RECEIVER'S MOTION FOR APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT

Date: December 17, 2012

Time: 10:00 a.m. Ctrm: 8. 2nd Floor

Judge: Hon. Manuel L. Real

MANAGEMENT. A FINANCIAL

Defendants.

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Receiver for Copeland Wealth Management, a Financial Advisory Corporation, Copeland Wealth Management, a Real Estate Corporation, and their subsidiaries and affiliates including, but not limited to, Copeland Properties Ten, LP ("CP-10") (the foregoing collectively "Receivership Entities"), hereby submits the following Reply to the Opposition of

Thomas C. Hebrank ("Receiver"), the Court appointed Permanent

27 Certain Limited Partners of Copeland Properties Ten ("CP-10 Partners")

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and the Opposition of Vellore Muraligopal, M.D. and Vellore Muraligopal Investments, LLC (collectively "Muraligopal").

1.

THE RECEIVER UNSUCCESSFULLY ATTEMPTED TO NEGOTIATE A SETTLEMENT WITH THE CP-10 PARTNERS OVER A PERIOD OF SEVERAL MONTHS BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE SETTLEMENT.

In the period following the Receiver's appointment in October of 2011, the Receiver proceeded to investigate and analyze the Receivership properties, including the CP-10 commercial property in Troy, Michigan ("Michigan Property"). Since his appointment as Receiver, the Receiver has managed the Michigan Property, collected the rents from the Michigan Property, and made the loan payments due to Flagstar Bank, as well as other expenses of the Michigan Property. Based on the information available to the Receiver, the Receiver concluded that the market value of the Michigan Property was not sufficient to enable the Receiver to sell the Michigan Property for an amount that would result in meaningful net proceeds to the Receivership estate.

After reaching that conclusion, and in response to repeated requests by the CP-10 Partners to release CP-10 and the Michigan Property from the Receivership estate, the Receiver instructed his counsel to enter into discussions with the attorney for the CP-10 Partners seeking a negotiated settlement pursuant to which the Michigan Property would be released and abandoned by the Receivership estate. Despite several months of negotiations commencing in July of 2012, the settlement negotiations were unsuccessful and the Receiver was

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ultimately advised that the CP-10 Partners were unwilling to enter into a settlement due to their inability to negotiate a separate settlement satisfactory to them with Flagstar Bank, the secured lender on the Michigan Property. At that point the Receiver, in order to comply with his duties to administer the Receivership estate, continued the settlement discussions with Flagstar Bank and, subsequently reached the settlement that has now been presented to the Court. The Receiver fulfilled his duties by attempting to reach agreement with the CP-10 Partners first and, failing that, has proceeded with a settlement which is in the best interests of the Receivership estate.

11.

THE FILING OF THE DRAFT SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATION DOCUMENT WITH THE OPPOSITION IS IMPROPER AND SHOULD BE DISREGARDED BY THE COURT.

It is clear that the undated and unsigned draft settlement document attached to the Declaration of Mark C. Edwards as part of the Opposition is a protected settlement communication and should not have been filed with the Court. Said document is not admissible pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 408 and should be disregarded by the Court.

III.

THE RECEIVER IS NOT PREPARED TO PROCEED WITH A SETTLEMENT WITH THE CP-10 PARTNERS AS ALLEGED IN THE OPPOSITION.

The Opposition alleges that the Receiver would settle with the CP-10 Partners in accordance with an alleged settlement if the court denies this motion. This claim is untrue.

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IV.

THE RECEIVER IS THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE CP-10 PARTNERSHIP BY ORDER OF THE THIS COURT AND THE CLAIMS IN THE OPPOSITION THAT THE CP-10 PARTNERS ARE THE CP-10 PARTNERSHIP ARE ERRONEOUS.

The Opposition to the Receiver's Motion alleges that the Motion should be denied because CP-10s "consent" to the settlement is required and "CP-10" has not consented. The Opposition misconstrues the nature of this Receivership. This Court has specifically ruled that the CP-10 Partnership is one the Receivership Entities and the Receiver, as the Receiver for Copeland Wealth Management, the general partner, currently represents and speaks for CP-10, not certain of the CP-10 Limited Partners who oppose the settlement. Therefore, any claims that the objecting CP-10 Partners speak for CP-10 should be disregarded.

V.

APPROVAL OF THE SETTLEMENT WILL RESULT IN THE RELEASE AND ABANDONMENT OF THE CP-10 PARTNERSHIP AND THE MICHIGAN PROPERTY FROM THE RECEIVERSHIP ESTATE AND WILL MAINTAIN THE STATUS QUO AND ANY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS BETWEEN THE CP-10 PARTNERS AND FLAGSTAR BANK.

The proposed Settlement Agreement provides that, upon approval of the settlement by this Court, CP-10, CP-11 (a co-borrower entity which the Receiver's believes to be defunct) and the Michigan Property are no longer part of the Receivership estate and, except for the limited partnership interest of Copeland Properties Five, LP in CP-10, the Receiver abandons any further interest in CP-10 and the Michigan Property. The Receiver is informed and believes that CP-11 transferred

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its interest in the Michigan Property prior to the institution of the Receivership. It is indeed curious that the CP-10 Partners are objecting to the release of the CP-10 Partnership and the Michigan Property from the Receivership, as they have been requesting such relief since then inception of the Receivership in October of 2011. The result of the release and abandonment is that the parties, including the CP-10 Partners, are in the same position they were in prior to the Receivership. They maintain any and all rights, defenses and obligations with respect to Flagstar Bank. As the Receiver has determined that the Michigan Property cannot be economically sold through the Receivership estate, it is necessary that the property be abandoned, leaving the CP-10 Partners and Flagstar Bank to determine their rights between themselves. There is no benefit to the Receivership estate incurring further costs and expenses in this regard. Therefore, the claims in the Opposition that the CP-10 Partners will be somehow prejudiced by the abandonment of CP-10 are unfounded.

VI.

THE STANDARD FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE SETTLEMENT IS THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE RECEIVERSHIP ESTATE, NOT THE SELF INTERESTS OF THE CP-10 PARTNERS AS ALLEGED IN THE OPPOSITION.

The Opposition incorrectly claims that the settlement should be denied on the ground that it is not in the best interests of the CP-10 Partners. That is not the test. It is clear that the test is whether or not the settlement is in the best interests of the Receivership estate. See 3, Clark, Law of Receivers, Section 655 (3rd Edition 1959). In analyzing the disposition of the funds held by the Receiver, it is clear that the proposed settlement is better for the Receivership estate than the alleged CP-10

Partners' settlement. Pursuant to this settlement, the estate will retain
the sum of \$225,000.00 as well as the \$165,000.00 Vellore Muraligopal
Note. Further, the settlement results in direct benefit to the CP-10
Partners in that the \$31,179.90 claim against CP-10 by the Copeland
Fixed Income Three entity is forgiven and, more importantly, the
Receiver proposes to designate \$100,000.00 of the funds retained for
distribution to the CP-10 Partners. The Receiver is currently in
negotiations with attorneys for the Copeland Properties 5, L.P.
Partnership and anticipates that a Motion will be filed in the near future
pursuant to the terms of which the Court will be asked to approve the
release and abandonment of the CP-5 Partnership from the
Receivership estate. At that point, the Receiver will have no further
interest of any kind in CP-10. The Receiver, in the proper exercise of his
duties as Receiver and his business judgment, has concluded that this
settlement is in the best interests of the Receivership estate and hereby
restates his request that the settlement be approved by this Court.

DATED: December 3, 2012 Respectively submitted,

MULVANEY BARRY BEATTY LINN & MAYERS LLP

By: /s/ Everett G. Barry, Jr.
Everett G. Barry, Jr.
John H. Stephens
Patrick L. Prindle
Attorneys for Thomas C. Hebrank,
Permanent Receiver

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