1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	DAVID R. ZARO (BAR NO. 124334) TED FATES (BAR NO. 227809) KIM A. BUI (BAR NO. 274113) ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE MALLORY & NATSIS LLP 501 West Broadway, 15th Floor San Diego, California 92101-3541 Phone: (619) 233-1155 Fax: (619) 233-1158 E-Mail: dzaro@allenmatkins.com tfates@allenmatkins.com kbui@allenmatkins.com Attorneys for Receiver THOMAS C. HEBRANK			
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
10	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
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12	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	Case No	o. 3:12-cv-02164-GPC-JMA	
13	Plaintiff,		VER'S OPPOSITION TO DANTS' MOTION FOR	
14	V.	PARTI	AL RECONSIDERATION OF RDER APPROVING	
15	LOUIS V. SCHOOLER and FIRST		VER'S SEVENTH INTERIM	
16	FINANCIAL PLANNING CORPORATION d/b/a WESTERN	Date:	June 13, 2014	
17	FINANCIAL PLANNING CORPORATION,	Time: Ctrm.:	1:30 p.m. 2D	
18	Defendants.	Judge:	Hon. Gonzalo P. Curiel	
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Thomas C. Hebrank ("Receiver"), Court-appointed receiver for First Financial Planning Corporation d/b/a Western Financial Planning Corporation ("Western"), and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively, the "Receivership Entities"), submits this Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Partial Reconsideration of the Order Approving Receiver's Seventh Interim Report ("Opposition").

I. INTRODUCTION

Defendants argue the Order violates their constitutional rights in two ways. First, they say the provision authorizing the Receiver to list real properties owned by Western with a licensed broker constitutes a deprivation of property without due process. Second, they say the provision reminding Mr. Schooler not to interfere with the Receiver's performance of his duties constitutes a prior restraint on speech. Both arguments fail. For the reasons noted by the Court in denying Defendants' request for order shortening time, both arguments fail.

With respect to the first argument, authorizing property to be listed with a broker is not a deprivation of property. The property is not being sold, simply listed. Moreover, the order expressly requires the Receiver to seek approval of any proposed sale "via a noticed motion." Defendants can object if and when a noticed motion is filed. Therefore, the Order does not deprive Western or Mr. Schooler of any property and affords them the opportunity to be heard before any sale is approved.

Moreover, paragraph 2 of the Order, which Mr. Schooler characterizes as a gag order, simply reminds Mr. Schooler not to interfere with the Receiver's performance of his duties and expresses the Court's view that Mr. Schooler's letter demonstrates an effort to influence investors. The Order does not prohibit speech or association. It merely reminds Mr. Schooler of the Court's existing order not to interfere with the receivership, an important directive for conserving limited receivership estate resources.

816681 01/SD

Had the Court approved a sale of Western's properties or prohibited Mr. Schooler from communicating with investors, the Motion might raise points worthy of consideration. As it is, however, the Order does neither of those things. Nor does it violate Defendants' constitutional rights.

II. THE LISTING AUTHORIZATION

Defendants cite no authority for the proposition that authorizing a receiver to list property with a broker constitutes a deprivation of property. Until such time as an actual sale is proposed, which, per the Order, must be done by noticed motion, no deprivation of property could possibly occur. Defendants will have the opportunity to object if and when noticed sale motions are filed.

Moreover, the Court should not hesitate to approve sales of Western's real properties if and when reasonable offers are received and noticed motions filed. Defendants assert that the market for raw land is depressed and speculate it will rebound soon. However, there is no evidence suggesting that holding these properties indefinitely and paying property taxes and insurance premiums will produce a better recovery than selling them at a fair market price now.

III. THE REMINDER NOT TO INTERFERE

Defendants cite no authority for the proposition that prohibiting Mr. Schooler from interfering with the Receiver's performance of his duties (or reminding him of that prohibition) constitutes a prior restraint on speech. The provision enjoining and restraining persons from interfering with the Receiver's performance of his duties was included in the Temporary Restraining Order entered on September 6, 2012, and the Preliminary Injunction Order entered on March 13, 2013. Dkt. Nos. 174. The provision serves the important purpose of conserving receivership estate resources which could otherwise be consumed on legal actions to stop people who harass or interfere with the receivership. Such an order is well within the Court's broad discretion to order ancillary relief and administer equity receiverships. *See*

816681 01/SD

-2-

1	SEC v. Capital Consultants, LLC, 397 F.3d 733, 738 (9th Cir. 2005); SEC v.		
2	Wencke, 622 F.2d 1363, 1369 (9th Cir. 1980).		
3	Moreover, the provision reminding Mr. Schooler not to interfere is entirely		
4	justified. As part of the August 16, 2013 Order, the Court directed the Receiver to		
5	collect loans made by Western to the GPs. Dkt. No. 470. In order to do that, the		
6	GPs must issue operational bills to their investors. Mr. Schooler's letters not only		
7	contain objectively false statements, but also discourage investors from paying the		
8	operational bills issued to them. Rather than hold Mr. Schooler in contempt for		
9	violating the Preliminary Injunction Order (which it could have), the Court simply		
10	reminded him not to interfere. This was entirely appropriate and justified.		
11	IV. CONCLUSION		
12	For the foregoing reasons, the Receiver respectfully submits the Motion		
13	should be denied.		
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15	Dated: April 18, 2014 ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE MALLORY & NATSIS LLP		
16	WINDLOKT & WITSIS ELI		
17	By: /s/ Ted Fates TED FATES		
18	Attorneys Receiver THOMAS C. HEBRANK		
19	HOWAS C. HEDRANK		
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27	For example, Mr. Schooler's June 5, 2013 letter states the "Receiver has unilaterally decided to spend GP money on appraisals of the land owned by the GPs." The Receiver sought and obtained authority from the Court before ordering appraisals for the GP properties. Dkt. Nos. 49, 59.		
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PROOF OF SERVICE 1 I am employed in the County of San Diego, State of California. I am over the 2 age of eighteen (18) and am not a party to this action. My business address is 501 West Broadway, 15th Floor, San Diego, California 92101-3541. 3 On April 18, 2014, I served the within document(s) described as: 4 RECEIVER'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR 5 PARTIAL RECONSIDERATION OF THE ORDER APPROVING RECEIVER'S SEVENTH INTERIM REPORT 6 on the interested parties in this action by: **■ BY THE COURT VIA NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING ("NEF"):** the 8 foregoing document(s) will be served by the court via NEF and hyperlink to the document. On April 18, 2014, I checked the CM/ECF docket for this bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding and determined that the following person(s) are on 9 the Electronic Mail Notice List to receive NEF transmission at the email 10 addressed indicated below: 11 Lynn M. Dean - deanl@sec.gov; larofiling@sec.gov; berryj@sec.gov; irwinma@sec.gov; cavallones@sec.gov 12 Philip H. Dyson - phildysonlaw@gmail.com,; ildossegger2@yahoo.com; phdtravel@yahoo.com 13 Edward G. Fates - tfates@allenmatkins.com; bcrfilings@allenmatkins.com; 14 ibatiste@allenmatkins.com Eric Hougen - eric@hougenlaw.com 15 Sara D. Kalin - kalins@sec.gov; irwinma@sec.gov 16 Sam S. Puathasnanon - puathasnanons@sec.gov; haackk@sec.gov; chattoop@sec.gov; berryj@sec.gov; irwinma@sec.gov; 17 cavallones@sec.gov 18 Edward P. Swan . Jr - pswan@ionesday.com; dpippin@ionesday.com 19 ☐ **BY MAIL:** I placed a true copy of the document in a sealed envelope or package addressed as indicated on the attached Service List on the abovementioned date in San Diego, California for collection and mailing pursuant to the firm's ordinary business practice. I am familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day in the ordinary 20 21 22 course of business. I am aware that on motion of party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than 23 one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. 24 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct. 25 Executed on April 18, 2014, at San Diego, California. 26 Mune Janine L. Batiste 27 (Type or print name) (Signature of Declarant) 28

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