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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE  
COMMISSION,  
  
Plaintiff,  
  
v.  
  
LOUIS V. SCHOOLER and FIRST  
FINANCIAL PLANNING  
CORPORATION, d/b/a WESTERN  
FINANCIAL PLANNING  
CORPORATION,  
  
Defendants.

Case No.: 3:12-cv-02164-GPC-JMA  
  
**ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR  
AUTHORITY TO MAKE INTERIM  
DISTRIBUTIONS TO HOLDERS OF  
ALLOWED CLAIMS**  
  
[ECF No. 1594]

Before the Court is the Receiver’s motion for authority to make interim distributions to holders of allowed claims. (ECF No. 1594.) The motion has not been opposed. On April 5, 2018, the SEC filed a non-opposition to the motion, stating, because the “Court has previously approved a distribution plan and approved the allowed amounts of investor claims,” “[i]nvestors have been waiting over five years for some recovery on their losses, and the Receiver has cash on hand from property sales available to make distributions,” the SEC “supports the Receiver’s motion for authority to make an interim distribution and believes it is in the best interest of the investors.” (ECF No.

1 1604.) For the reasons set forth below, the Court GRANTS the motion for authority to  
2 make interim distributions to holders of allowed claims.

3 This Court entered final judgment against Defendant Louis Schooler on February  
4 23, 2016. (ECF No. 1190.) Three months later, the Court approved the Distribution Plan  
5 proposed by the Receiver. (ECF No. 1304.) That plan involves a “one-pot approach,”  
6 which includes determining investor claims “by the total payment made by each investor  
7 to the Receivership Entities, less all payments received by each investor from the  
8 Receivership Entities.” (*Id.* at 31 (approving plan as discussed at Ex. E of ECF No.  
9 1181-1).) As that proposed plan stated, “[a]fter all Administrative Claims have been paid  
10 in full, all Claimants shall receive Cash in an amount equal to such Claimant’s Pro Rata  
11 Share of total Cash to be distributed to all Allowed Claims.” (ECF No. 1181-1, Ex. E at  
12 3.) Three months after that, the Court approved the Modified Orderly Sale Process by  
13 which the Receiver would sell properties owned by the receivership estate. (ECF No.  
14 1359.) Since then, the Receiver has calculated the claim amounts of each investor, and  
15 has sold several properties. The Receiver has been able to sell 13 properties so far,  
16 raising \$17,492,013 in net sale proceeds. (ECF No. 1594-1 at 3.) As of March 7, 2018,  
17 the Receiver held \$16,408,357 in cash receivership accounts. (*Id.*) Meanwhile, on  
18 February 20, 2018, after adjudicating the remaining disputed claim amounts, the Court  
19 approved the Receiver’s proposed claim amounts with a single exception noted in that  
20 order. (*See* ECF No. 1591.)

21 Having obtained significant cash amounts as a result of the property sales, the  
22 Receiver now proposes to distribute a total of \$13 million, “which is the vast majority of  
23 cash in the receivership estate.” (ECF No. 1594-1 at 3.) The remaining amount,  
24 according to the Receiver, will be held in reserve to cover operating expenses,  
25 administrative expenses, and “a reasonable contingency reserve.” (*Id.*) Moreover, the  
26 Receiver is continuing to generate sale proceeds from property sales and “is hopeful that  
27 the full reserve amount will not be necessary to cover” expenses, in which case a  
28 subsequent distribution would be made. (*Id.* at 4.) Nonetheless, the Receiver believes

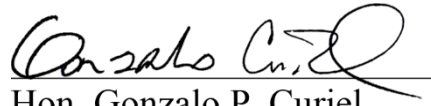
1 that maintaining a reasonable contingency reserve at this time is prudent in order to  
2 respond to “unanticipated expenses.” (*Id.*) According to the Receiver, it will use an  
3 outside vendor to print and mail the distribution checks, which will be done 45 days after the  
4 entry of this order. (*Id.*) As discussed in the distribution plan, the Receiver will conduct  
5 a reasonable investigation into checks that have not been cashed 90 days after they were  
6 issued; if contact cannot be made with the claimant after further inquiry, that claimant’s  
7 amount will be “automatically and permanently extinguished and the uncashed  
8 distribution amount will go back into the reserve for future distribution.” (*Id.*) As a  
9 result of this procedure, the Receiver states that he has “reminded investors throughout  
10 the case of the importance of informing the Receiver of any change to their contact  
11 information.” (*Id.*) The Receiver argues that the other investors should not have to bear  
12 the expense of an extensive search to find a non-responsive investor claimant. (*Id.*)

13 The “primary purpose of equity receiverships is to promote orderly and efficient  
14 administration of the estate by the district court for the benefit of creditors.” *Secs. &*  
15 *Exch. Comm’n v. Hardy*, 803 F.2d 1034, 1038 (9th Cir. 1986). The Court possesses  
16 broad “power to supervise an equity receivership and to determine the appropriate action  
17 to be taken in the administration of the receivership.” *Secs. & Exch. Comm’n v. Capital*  
18 *Consultants, LLC*, 397 F.3d 733, 750 (9th Cir. 2005). In light of these broad powers, and  
19 pursuant to the procedures approved by the Court in the previous orders mentioned  
20 above, it appears that the Receiver’s request for authority to make an interim distribution  
21 to the investors is appropriate. In light of the fact that sufficient cash is now available,  
22 and that the investors in this case have waited over five years for some recovery on their  
23 losses related to this case, the Court approves of the Receiver’s request for such authority.  
24 As a result, the Court **AUTHORIZES** the Receiver to distribute a total of \$13 million to  
25 investors with allowed claims on a *pro rata* basis pursuant to the Distribution Plan  
26 approved by the Court, with the remaining cash in the Receivership to be held in reserve  
27 pending further orders of this Court.

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**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

Dated: April 30, 2018

  
Hon. Gonzalo P. Curiel  
United States District Judge

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