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9 10	Attorneys for Receiver THOMAS C. HEBRANK	
11		S DISTRICT COURT
12	SOUTHERN DIST	RICT OF CALIFORNIA
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14	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	Case No. 3:12-cv-02164-GPC-JMA
15	Plaintiff,	RECEIVER'S OPPOSITION TO INVESTORS' MOTION FOR AN
16	V.	ORDER DIRECTING THE RECEIVER TO PROVIDE AN
17	LOUIS V. SCHOOLER and FIRST	ACCOUNTING OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE FOR AN AUDIT OF
18	FINANCIAL PLANNING	THE RECEIVERSHIP BY AN INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT
19	CORPORATION d/b/a WESTERN FINANCIAL PLANNING	
20	CORPORATION, Defendants.	Date: June 10, 2016 Time: 1:30 p.m. Ctrm.: 2D
21		Ctrm.: 2D Judge: Hon. Gonzalo P. Curiel
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Thomas C. Hebrank ("Receiver"), Court-appointed receiver for First Financial 1 2 Planning Corporation d/b/a Western Financial Planning Corporation ("Western"), 3 and its subsidiaries and the General Partnerships listed on Schedule 1 to the Preliminary Injunction Order entered on March 13, 2013 (collectively, 4 "Receivership Entities"), submits this opposition to the Motion for an Order 5 Directing the Receiver to Provide an Accounting or in the Alternative an Audit of 6 7 the Receivership by an Independent Accountant ("Motion") filed by the investors 8 represented by attorney Gary Aguirre ("Aguirre Investors").

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I. INTRODUCTION

10 In the Motion, the Aguirre Investors continue their campaign of misrepresenting the facts and making spurious attacks on the Receiver. In their 11 12 desperate attempt to manufacture an accounting scandal, they make the ridiculous statement that "[u]nless the Court grants this motion, no one – with the possible 13 exception of the Receiver and his attorneys - will ever know how much he spent or 14 received." Motion, p. 7. In fact, every dollar received and disbursed by Western 15 and the GPs during the course of the receivership has been properly accounted for 16 consistent with the Court's orders. 17

18 The system of investor note payments, GP note payments, and underlying 19 mortgage payments received and disbursed by the Receivership Entities is 20 somewhat complex and not easily understood by those unfamiliar with it. The Court 21 observed this and specifically asked the Receiver to clarify it, which he did. Dkt. 22 Nos. 59, 80. The Aguirre Investors have made no effort to understand the system and have never asked the Receiver to explain it. Instead, they simply point to things 23 they do not understand and announce that millions of dollars have been secretly 24 25 spent by the Receiver. This is complete nonsense, of course.

Except in instances in which the Court has specifically authorized the
Receiver to alter the system in order to protect receivership assets, the Receiver has
collected and disbursed investor note payments, GP note payments, and underlying

mortgage payments just as they were prior to his appointment. In addition,
 wherever possible, the Receiver has reduced the operating expenses of the GPs,
 including by installing a professional administrator, Lincoln Property Group
 ("Lincoln"), and reducing GP property taxes through appeals.

Not only do the Aguirre Investors make no effort to understand the 5 Receivership Entities' financial transactions, but in spuriously attacking the 6 Receiver, they completely ignore the entire history and context of this case, 7 8 including (a) the Court's instructions to the Receiver to preserve the status quo, (b) the fact that since the beginning of the case, Western and many of the GPs have 9 been in a constant state of cash flow crisis, often lacking sufficient funds to pay their 10 basic expenses, (c) the fact that until March 2015, day-to-day administration of the 11 GPs was handled by the pre-receivership administrators, Alice Jacobson and 12 Beverly Shuler, who the Aguirre Investors strongly supported, (d) the extensive 13 efforts made by the Receiver and the Court to minimize administrative expenses, 14 and (e) the fact that all administrative expenses have been paid from Western's 15 assets (after lengthy delays) in order to preserve the limited funds in GP accounts. 16

For many years, Ms. Jacobson and Ms. Shuler handled the day-to-day
administration of the GPs. Unfortunately, they had no experience using accounting
software and instead used an outside independent contractor, Louise Cohen, to
compile and enter data into QuickBooks from bank statements at the end of each
year so Duffy Kruspodin & Company, LLP ("Duffy") could prepare GP tax returns.
This system, although unsophisticated and inefficient, was the status of the
administration of the GPs when the Receiver was appointed.

As the Court knows, both Western and many of the GPs have been in a
persistent cash flow crisis since the beginning of the case. Overhauling the
administration of Western and the GPs and instituting new, more expensive
accounting procedures was simply not an option. Making mortgage payments,
property tax payments, and meeting other obligations has been and continues to be a

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major challenge. Accordingly, the accounting procedures used by the GPs, under
the administration of Ms. Jacobson and Ms. Shuler, remained in place until they
were terminated in March 2015. Fortunately, once the Court determined the GPs
would remain in the receivership (Dkt. No. 1003), the Receiver was able to install a
more professional administrator, Lincoln, which has instituted more standard,
efficient accounting procedures and has been able to save the GPs money on
administration fees in the process.

8 The Aguirre Investors ignore this history, make no effort to understand the accounting records (both publicly available and provided to them by the Receiver), 9 and demand a retroactive accounting of every receipt and disbursement for all 86 10 GPs and the Western entities since the inception of the receivership. This would 11 cost tens of thousands of dollars and impose substantial unnecessary costs on the 12 other 92% of investors.¹ The accounting procedures used in the case were the result 13 of the heavily contested nature of the litigation, the Court's orders and directions, the 14 15 critical need to minimize administrative expenses, and the very limited resources of Western and many GPs. 16

17 Regardless, there is absolutely no evidence supporting the Aguirre Investors' accusations that receivership funds have not been accounted for properly. Instead, 18 19 the Motion is based on their lack of understanding, misrepresentations, ridiculous 20 comparisons to Enron, and pure paranoia about imaginary first class trips to Hawaii. As discussed below, every receipt and disbursement for the Receivership Entities 21 22 since the inception of the receivership has been appropriately accounted for consistent with the Court's orders. Further retroactive accounting work would do 23 nothing but diminish the funds in the receivership estate available to distribute to 24 25 investors. Accordingly, the Motion should be denied.

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- 28 ¹ Mr. Aguirre's clients and Mr. Dillon's clients, combined, make up approximately 8% of the approximately 3,300 investors.

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II. BACKGROUND FACTS

From the outset of the case, Louis Schooler ("Schooler") aggressively
defended the claims of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission").
Schooler had three different firms representing him and brought motion after motion
challenging virtually every aspect of the Commission's Complaint, the Temporary
Restraining Order, the receivership, the Preliminary Injunction Order, including
whether Western and the GPs should be in the receivership, and a myriad of other
issues.

9 The Court initially seemed to agree with Schooler as to inclusion of the GPs in the receivership. On August 16, 2013, the Court entered an order stating the GPs 10 would be released from the receivership on certain terms and conditions. Dkt. 11 No. 470. Schooler then appealed the order, challenging the terms and conditions of 12 the contemplated release and the Court stayed the order. Dkt. No. 513. While the 13 appeal was pending, on April 25, 2014, the Court granted summary judgment in 14 favor of the Commission on the issue of whether the GP units sold by Schooler and 15 Western are securities. Dkt. No. 583. 16

In light of the ruling, the Court sua sponte reconsidered its decision to release 17 18 GPs from the receivership, held several hearings on the issue, directed the Receiver 19 to provide a detailed report (Dkt. No. 852), and ultimately decided to keep the GPs 20 in the receivership in March 2015. Dkt. No. 1003. In keeping the GPs in the receivership, the Court also authorized the Receiver to transition administration of 21 22 the GPs from pre-receivership administrators, Ms. Jacobson and Ms. Shuler, to Lincoln. Id. Since taking over administration of the GPs, Lincoln has instituted 23 more standard, efficient accounting procedures, the costs of which were built into 24 25 the Lincoln fees discussed in the Receiver's Report and Recommendation. Dkt. No. 852, Page 28. 26

The Court then directed the Receiver to provide a report and recommendationregarding the best course of action for the GPs, which he did, including

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recommendations to disseminate information packets to investors, issue capital calls 1 2 to GPs with insufficient cash to meet their 2016 operating expenses, and move properties with failed capital calls to an orderly sale process. Dkt. No. 1056. The 3 Court approved the Receiver's recommendations, with limited modifications to the 4 capital call process. Dkt. No. 1069. The Receiver has since published information 5 packets for each and every GP on the receivership website (with notice going to 6 investors by mail and email) and issued capital calls to the GPs that own 27 of the 7 36 separate GP properties,² all of which have insufficient cash to meet their 2016 8 expenses. Each and every capital call failed. See Dkt. No. 1264, Exh. A (showing 9 amounts needed to be raised and amounts actually raised). Accordingly, the 27 GP 10 properties have been moved to the orderly sale process. *Id.* (showing where the 11 properties stood in the orderly sale process as of April 22, 2016). 12

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A. <u>Accounting During the Receivership</u>

At the beginning of the case, the Court could have instructed the Receiver to 14 terminate all employees, overhaul the administration of Western and the GPs, and 15 institute more comprehensive accounting procedures. But it did not and for good 16 17 reason. First, the Commission and Schooler were engaged in very active litigation 18 over numerous issues, including whether the GP units sold by Schooler and Western 19 were unregistered securities and whether Schooler and Western committed fraud in 20 selling GP units to investors. Second, Western and many of the GPs had little or no 21 cash available to pay for new accounting personnel or new accounting software. 22 Rather, the Court made it clear the Receiver's primary charge was to preserve the status quo, preserve receivership assets while the litigation was ongoing, and clarify 23 the pre-receivership financial affairs of Western and the GPs. Dkt. Nos. 59, 174. 24

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The number of GP properties was previously discussed in general terms as 23. However, the number of separate GP properties is actually 36. *See* Dkt. No. 1264, p. 5.

Consistent with those directives, the Receiver did his best with the very
 limited funds available to keep Western and the GPs current on their obligations
 (which, as the Receiver stated many times, was not always possible for the GPs).
 The Receiver provided quarterly interim reports with total receipts and total
 disbursements for each of the 86 GPs and a separate detailed schedule for Western.
 To date, the Receiver has filed 14 such reports. Dkt. Nos. 27, 49, 80, 184, 481, 517,
 547, 596, 759, 1000, 1065, 1103, 1148, and 1189.

8 As noted above, Ms. Jacobson and Ms. Shuler never kept a ledger listing each transaction for each GP and did not prepare statements of receipts and 9 10 disbursements. Declaration of Thomas Hebrank filed herewith ("Hebrank Decl."), ¶ 5. Nor were they willing to do so for the limited amount the GPs paid them. *Id.* 11 Terminating Ms. Jacobson and Ms. Shuler would have caused a significant upheaval 12 and overhaul in the administration of the GPs at a time when it was not clear the 13 GPs would remain in the receivership. *Id.* at \P 6. Moreover, it was not clear anyone 14 would be willing to take their place.³ *Id.* Purchasing new accounting software and 15 hiring an accountant to institute new accounting procedures was not an expense 16 Western or the GPs could afford.⁴ *Id.* at \P 7. 17

Accordingly, the Receiver monitored and tracked GP receipts and disbursements and compiled them in a spreadsheet, which was then attached as Exhibit A to the interim reports listing the total receipts and total disbursements and ending balance for each GP. *Id.* at ¶ 8. This was the most reasonable and efficient method available to track GP transactions and provide summary accounting information on a quarterly basis. *Id.* The Receiver also tracked the receipts and disbursements for the Western entities and included them at the bottom of

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The Receiver looked into purchasing new property management accounting software, but the cost would have been approximately \$100,000 up front, plus about \$70,000 in annual maintenance costs.

²⁶ ³ The Receiver interviewed two potential administrators prior to engaging Lincoln and both of them declined the job.

Exhibit A, along with the ending balances for Western entity accounts. *Id.* Finally,
 the Receiver obtained a revenue and expense schedule from Western's controller
 (Traci Harris) and attached that schedule to his interim reports as Exhibit B.

On October 17, 2014, the Court directed the Receiver to provide an updated 4 report and recommendation on the GPs, including, among other things, information 5 about receipts and disbursements for each GP. Hebrank Decl., ¶9. At about the 6 same time, Traci Harris left Western. Accordingly, the Receiver created a new 7 "master spreadsheet" as well as a spreadsheet for each GP reflecting the receipts and 8 disbursements by category starting on January 1, 2014. Id. From that point on, 9 receipt and disbursements for the GPs have been logged and tracked via these 10 spreadsheets. Id. The actual receipts and disbursements for 2014 and projected 11 receipts and disbursements for 2015 were included in the Receiver's report and 12 recommendation, along with a projected ending cash balance as of December 31, 13 2015. Id. Dkt. No. 852-1. 14

Furthermore, pursuant to the Court's orders, the Receiver provided two 15 forensic accounting reports to clarify the pre-receivership financial affairs of 16 17 Western and the GPs. Dkt. Nos. 181, 504. The Receiver also sought relief to address the systemic problem of GPs that did not provide sufficient funds to 18 19 Western for Western to make the underlying mortgage payments on their properties. 20 Dkt. No. 519. These shortfalls had previously been covered by cash from Western, 21 which was generated either from new sales of GP units (approximately 93% of which cash went to Western) and from regular cash infusions from Schooler 22 23 (between January 5, 2012 and September 5, 2012, Schooler transferred a total of \$1,064,000 to Western). Dkt. No. 49. p. 2. As the Court has recognized, these 24 25 26 27 28

sources of cash no longer existed, so Western was unable to cover the shortfalls. 1 Dkt. No. 1003, p. 8. The Court approved the Receiver's proposal.⁵ Dkt. No. 524. 2 Moreover, at various points throughout the case, and often at the Court's 3 request, the Receiver has filed reports, recommendations, and proposals detailing 4 5 the financial condition of Western and the GPs. Dkt. Nos. 203, 519, 852, 1056, 1181. On May 12, 2015, the Court directed the Receiver to prepare an information 6 7 packet for each GP. Dkt. No. 1069, Hebrank Decl., ¶ 10. The Receiver did so and 8 provided the actual receipts and disbursements for each GP for 2014, the receipts and disbursements for each GP for 2015 (some of which were actual and some of 9 10 which were projected), and the projected receipts and disbursements for each GP for 2016. *Id.* The receipts and disbursements are broken down by category, contrary to 11 the Aguirre Investors' false accusations. Id. The information packets also state the 12 outstanding balances on mortgages and delinquent property taxes. An example of 13 the information packets – for the GPs that own the LV Kade property – is attached 14 to the Hebrank Declaration as Exhibit A. 15

Moreover, over the last four months, extensive additional financial
documentation has been provided to the Aguirre Investors, including the
QuickBooks financial statements prepared by Louise Cohen (2012-2014), the master
spreadsheet and related GP spreadsheets showing receipts and disbursements by
category for each GP (2014 to present), accounting ledgers and financial statements
maintained by Lincoln (March 2015 to present), as well as all GP bank statements
since the inception of the receivership. *Id.* at ¶ 11. Examples of these documents

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^{There are currently two instances in which the GPs – those that own the Santa Fe and Yuma III properties – do not pay enough to Western to allow Western to make the full mortgage payments on their properties. The Receiver specifically raised this issue with the Court and sought permission to make partial mortgage payments based on the amounts collected from the applicable GPs. Dkt. No. 1000, pp. 4-6. The Court approved the Receiver's recommendation, which he has since implemented. Dkt. No. 1005. All other GP mortgages are current or have been paid off.}

(not including bank statements) for one GP - ABL Partners - are attached to the
 Hebrank Declaration as Exhibit B.

- 3 The Court has seen some of the extensive correspondence between the Receiver's counsel and the Aguirre Investors' counsel, so it knows the Receiver has 4 been extremely responsive to the Aguirre Investors' (and Dillon Investors') 5 numerous informal requests for documents and information. The Receiver has 6 provided the Aguirre Investors and Dillon Investors with a vast amount of 7 documents and information. The Court can also see that nowhere in the numerous 8 emails and letters have the Aguirre Investors or Dillon Investors asked the Receiver 9 to explain things they do not understand. *Id.* at ¶ 18. Instead, they simply twist the 10 facts in ways to advance their predetermined theories (Schooler's prior theories) and 11 bring frivolous motions attacking the Receiver, imposing substantial costs on the 12 13 92% of investors they do not represent. The Motion has no merit whatsoever and should be denied. 14
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III. DISCUSSION

The Motion makes numerous false accusations and spurious attacks, many of
which are incomprehensible. The Aguirre Investors also repeat the same purported
"gaps" and "irregularities" over and over for about seven pages (Motion, pp. 8-15),
talking in circles about things they do not understand. The Receiver addresses the
arguments he can decipher from the Motion as follows:

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A. <u>Intervention</u>

For the reasons stated in his oppositions to the motions to intervene filed by the Aguirre Investors and Dillon Investors, the Receiver opposes the Aguirre Investors' request to intervene in the Motion. Dkt. Nos. 1259, 1260. The Receiver incorporates herein by reference his oppositions to the pending intervention motions.

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B. <u>Purported Enron-Style "Phony Revenue"</u>

The Aguirre Investors repeatedly assert the Receiver has recognized "phony
revenue" by listing note payments from GPs on a "revenue and expense" schedule
and likens this to Enron, one of the largest bankruptcy cases in United States history,
involving a \$63.4 billion fraud and numerous criminal convictions. *See e.g.* Motion,
pp. 1, 14, 23. This comparison is absurd, to say the least.

The Receiver acknowledges that schedules including GP note payments 7 should have been labeled "receipts" instead of "revenue" and the Exhibit B schedule 8 to his interim reports is more appropriately called a "receipts and disbursements" or 9 "cash flow" schedule, rather than a "revenue and expense" schedule. The bottom of 10 the schedule, however, which shows beginning cash and ending cash, makes it clear 11 it is a cash flow statement of receipts and disbursements, not a revenue and expense 12 13 schedule. See e.g. Dkt. No. 598, Exh. B. This is not the Enron scandal Mr. Aguirre claims, just an inadvertent mislabeling of a schedule. 14

The main Enron comparison made by the Aguirre Investors relates to the 15 reporting of receipts and disbursements. The Aguirre Investors contend "[t]hrough 16 extrapolation, it appears the Receiver failed to report approximately \$9.6 million in 17 receipts and approximately \$9.4 million in disbursements in his Reports to the 18 19 Court." Motion, p. 11. By simply inquiring of the Receiver or reviewing the bank statements provided to them, the Aguirre Investors would have discovered the 20 simple answer to this "stubborn question." Id. The simple answer is that the legacy 21 system created by Western utilizes multiple Western-related entities to perform 22 specific functions, most notably receiving and disbursing investor note payments, 23 24 GP note payments, and mortgage payments. Hebrank Decl., ¶ 12.

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For investor note payments, the OPADS system⁶ and bank ACH interface 1 2 depend on the WSCC LLC bank account to receive investor note payments, and 3 then they are transferred almost immediately over to the relevant GP bank accounts. *Id.* Similarly, GP note payments are swept from the GP bank accounts into the 4 5 WFPC - Business bank account, and then disbursed to the Western corporate account to then be paid to the underlying mortgage holder. *Id.*; see also Dkt. 6 7 No. 1263, pp. 5-6 (describing these flow-through transactions). The Receiver's 8 "Enron-style" accounting schedules exclude these in and out bank transfers purely 9 because they inflate receipts and disbursements, and provide a misleading picture of 10 Western's financial activity. It was for this reason the Receiver eliminated the portion of Exhibit A relating to the Western entities from his interim reports after 11 the Ninth Interim Report. Hebrank Decl., at ¶ 12. 12

13 Nevertheless, to address the Aguirre Investors' paranoia, the Receiver has 14 recreated quarterly reports of all Western-related bank account receipts and 15 disbursements, which are attached to the Hebrank Decl. as Exh. C (flow-through transactions described above are highlighted). The "double accounting" of receipts 16 and disbursements is summarized below and accounts for a minimum of 17 approximately \$12.2 million in inflated receipts and disbursements. Id. at ¶ 13. It 18 19 should be noted that other bank accounts listed on this schedule, including 20 Fernley I, LLC, P51 LLC, Santa Fe Venture and SFV II, LLC also contain in and 21 out transactions, so the amount of double counted receipts and disbursements is actually understated by these items. Id. 22

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⁶ The Aguirre Investors complain that the data contained in the OPADS system has not been produced to them by the Receiver. This is because OPADS only tracks investor payments, notes, capital calls, and contact information. It does not contain any GP-level transactions or Western-level transactions. Accordingly, as the Receiver's counsel explained to Mr. Aguirre, it is not relevant to any pending motion, nor would it be appropriate for the Receiver to a start to any pending motion.

produce personal data regarding other investors to the Aguirre Investors.

Western In & Out Transactions WFPC Business & WSCC Bank Account

3		Receipts	Disbursements
4	2012	1,271,542.92	1,223,913.01
-	1Q13	900,607.82	855,425.20
5	2Q13	1,011,170.13	1,010,108.37
6	3Q13	704,850.68	730,324.01
	4Q13	1,005,868.35	997,237.17
7	1Q14	1,061,853.90	1,115,629.75
8	2Q14	946,546.97	941,662.41
_	3Q14	986,583.25	988,959.98
9	4Q14	932,175.76	937,081.34
10	1Q15	909,823.87	900,287.49
	2Q15	850,109.21	844,214.69
11	3Q15	813,278.38	798,159.42
12	4Q15	804,717.37	814,291.90
13	Total	12,199,128.61	12,157,294.74
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C. Fees and Costs of the Receivership

Just as Schooler, Dennis Gilman, and those aligned with them have for the
last three years, the Aguirre Investors (who include Dennis Gilman) argue again that
the Receiver is paying fees and costs of the receivership from GP funds and insist
that loans the GPs owe Western must not be collected.

For as long as his fight with the Commission was ongoing, one of Schooler's strategies with respect to the receivership was to convince investors the receivership was harming them so they would support his efforts to have the GPs released.

23 Schooler set up a website, sent letters to investors, and held group meetings with

24 investors at his lawyers' offices. The Court observed that one of the letters sent to

25 investors by Schooler "demonstrates, in the Court's view, an effort by Schooler to

26 guide and influence the actions and perceptions of investors in these proceedings."27 Dkt. No. 549.

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Schooler is apparently quite good at influencing investors. The investors who 1 2 appeared before the Court at the hearing held on October 10, 2014, almost uniformly believed their GPs were paying the costs of the receivership despite 3 numerous prior statements by the Receiver and the Court that they were not. When 4 this notion was addressed and rejected during the hearing, Schooler's lawyers 5 immediately jumped up to defend it, eliminating any doubt as to who had 6 7 propagated it. Their defense was that "technically" the Receiver was collecting 8 loans the GPs owe Western (as the Court had instructed him to), and these funds were going to Western and would be available to pay some of the fees and costs of 9 the receivership, so therefore the GPs were indirectly paying the fees and costs of 10 the receivership. 11

12 This exact same argument is now being made by the Aguirre Investors. The 13 Aguirre Investors go as far as to say "[t]he cash flow between the GPs and Western was not designed to create a cash cushion. It was supposed to be just enough so 14 Western could pay the mortgages." Motion, p. 24. This is a telling contention – 15 how would the Aguirre Investors know the "design" of the cash flow other than 16 17 from the person who designed it? The parallels in the arguments previously made 18 by Schooler and rejected by the Court and those made by the Aguirre Investors now 19 are striking.

20 The Receiver and the Court have covered this ground many times and have21 informed investors the following:

- The fees and costs of the receivership are legitimate expenses of Western (Dkt. No. 511, pp. 7-8);
- Loans the investors owe their GP and their GPs owe Western would be paid regardless of whether there is a receivership or not (Dkt. No. 1003, p. 7);
 - The larger operational bills and capital calls that have gone out to investors during the receivership are because fewer and fewer investors

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are paying the bills, and therefore the GPs have slipped further and

further behind in collecting necessary funds (Dkt. No. 1003, p. 8); and

3 Western is unable to cover shortfalls between GP cash and expenses as it had prior to the receivership (Dkt. No. 1003, p. 8). 4 5 There is no secret or mystery as to how the fees and costs of the receivership have been paid to date. They have been paid in increments over time from 6 7 Western's assets, including loans collected from GPs, amounts collected on the 8 judgments against the LinMar entities, and amounts collected from the Courtapproved sales of Western's automobiles, gold coins, and office furniture and 9 equipment. As detailed below, there is currently \$399,043.47 in Court-approved but 10 unpaid fees and costs of the receivership because of Western's constant cash 11 12 shortage (and another \$79,848 in Court-approved but unpaid fees owed to Duffy by the GPs because of GPs that have no cash). Hebrank Decl., ¶ 14. The Aguirre 13 Investors never asked the Receiver how fees and costs of the receivership have been 14 15 paid, they just reiterate Schooler's previously rejected argument that they must be

16 paid from GP funds. *Id.* at ¶ 18.

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17 Nor is there any secret or mystery as to how the fees and costs of the receivership will be paid under the proposed distribution plan. Under the One Pot 18 19 Approach, fees and costs of the receivership will be paid from the pooled assets of 20 the receivership estate. Dkt. No. 1181-1, Exh. E (explaining that a reserve of cash to pay administrative claims, *i.e.*, fees and costs of the receivership, will be 21 22 established). Under the Two Tier Approach, they would be paid from the second 23 tier, *i.e.*, the assets of Western, in the same manner (cash reserve). Again, the 24 Aguirre Investors never asked the Receiver how the fees and costs of the 25 receivership will be paid under the proposed Distribution Plan.

For purposes of projecting outcomes in the Distribution Motion (Dkt.
No. 1181), the Receiver estimated what the unpaid fees and costs of the receivership
through the end of 2016 (including holdbacks) might be – \$1,500,000 – and used

1 that number (about which, the Aguirre Investors never asked the Receiver).

Hebrank Decl., ¶¶ 15, 18. Of course, there is no way to know what the actual future
fees and costs will be, so the Receiver's best estimate is just that – an estimate. *Id.* at
¶ 15. The actual fees and costs incurred in the future are likely to vary substantially
from the estimate. *Id.*

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1. Fees and Costs Incurred, Paid, and Unpaid

7 From inception of the receivership through September 30, 2015, the Receiver 8 incurred fees and costs of \$1,072,363.24, of which amount \$209,377.71 is subject to 9 holdback pending approval of the Receiver's final fee application at the conclusion of the receivership, \$636,772.50 has been approved by the Court and paid from 10 Western's assets, and \$226,213.74 has been approved by the Court but remains 11 unpaid. Id. at ¶ 16. During the same time period, Allen Matkins incurred fees and 12 costs of \$807,808.88, of which amount \$171,852.71 is subject to holdback pending 13 approval of Allen Matkins' final fee application at the conclusion of the 14 receivership, \$463,126.45 has been approved by the Court and paid from Western's 15 assets, and \$172,829.73 has been approved by the Court but remains unpaid. *Id.* 16 Finally, during the same time period, tax accountant Duffy Kruspodin & 17 18 Company, LLP has incurred \$46,687.52 for preparing tax returns for Western and 19 other non-GP Receivership Entities, all of which has been paid from Western's 20 assets, and has incurred \$303,686.52 for preparing GP tax returns, of which \$79,848.00 remains unpaid because of GPs that have no cash. Id. 21

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D. <u>Standardized Fund Accounting Report</u>

The Aguirre Investors point out that the Receiver has not filed the exact form of Standardized Fund Accounting Report ("SFAR") included in the Commission's billing instructions with his interim fee applications. In fact, the Receiver's fourteen quarterly interim reports and exhibits thereto provide more detailed financial information about the Receivership Entities than is called for in the SFAR. The interim reports are submitted on a quarterly basis, as are the fee applications, so it is

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easy to review the financial reports for the applicable quarter in conjunction with the
 fee applications. The fee applications are extremely detailed and are accompanied
 by bills describing each task, the person who performed it, the hourly rate, and the
 amount of time spent on it (in standard six-minute increments).

- Moreover, the Receiver has submitted the fee applications to the Commission
 for review before filing them with the Court. The Receiver specifically states in the
 fee applications that the Commission has advised him it does not oppose the fee
 applications. *See e.g.* Dkt. No. 1153, p. 5. The Court independently reviews the fee
 applications and has approved the requested fees and costs, often over the objection
 of Schooler. Therefore, this is a non-issue, has no bearing on the case, and does not
 support the Aguirre Investors' request for an accounting.
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E. <u>Mortgages and Past Due Property Taxes</u>

13 The Aguirre Investors contend the Receiver has not disclosed the amounts due on mortgages and property taxes. This is false. At several junctures during the 14 case, the Receiver has provided the Court, the parties, and investors with the 15 outstanding balances on mortgages and amounts of unpaid property taxes. See 16 Dkt. Nos. 203, 852; see also Information Packets available on receivership website. 17 18 Next, the Aguirre Investors argue the Receiver could have taken out a loan to 19 pay the past due property taxes on the LV Kade property. This makes no sense. The four GPs that own the LV Kade property have essentially no cash. Collectively, 20 they needed to raise \$98,277 from their investors to meet their 2016 Expenses, but 21 22 only raised \$30,027, all of which will be returned to the investors from which it came because the capital call failed. See Dkt. No. 1264, Exh. A. Lenders do not 23 24 make loans to entities that have no income and no cash available to make loan payments. Even if such an unconventional "hard money" loan was available, the 25 terms would be very unfavorable and the transaction costs of obtaining the loan 26 27 would outweigh the benefit. Hebrank Decl., ¶ 17.

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The solution to the problem of unpaid property taxes for the LV Kade
 property and other GP properties is to approve the One Pot Approach, thereby
 allowing (a) delinquent property taxes to be brought current from pooled
 receivership funds, (b) properties that are best sold now to be listed, marketed, and
 sold, and (c) properties where there would be a net benefit from a zoning change or
 some delay in selling to be handled accordingly.

7

IV. CONCLUSION

8 The complete lack of effort to understand the accounting made by the Aguirre 9 Investors and Dillon Investors shows they do not care to know the true facts, but 10 instead simply look for ways to attack the Receiver and advance their predetermined theories. There is no basis on which to make the 92% of investors not represented 11 by Mr. Aguirre or Mr. Dillon pay tens of thousands of dollars to conduct further 12 retroactive accounting work, simply to address the baseless accusations, previously 13 rejected arguments, and paranoia of the 8% that have filed and joined the Motion. 14 Nothing would be accomplished from such expenditures other than diminishing 15 receivership assets ultimately available to distribute to investors. The Aguirre 16 Investors and Dillon Investors have been given the accounting records and bank 17 18 statements from which to perform additional accounting work if they wish to do so. 19 Accordingly, the Motion should be denied.

841108 01/SD

Allen Matkins Leck Gamble Mallory & Natsis LLP

ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE MALLORY & NATSIS LLP

By: /s/ Edward Fates EDWARD G. FATES Attorneys for Receiver THOMAS C. HEBRANK

4 5 6 7	ALLEN MATKINS LECK GAMBLE MALLORY & NATSIS LLP DAVID R. ZARO (BAR NO. 124334) 515 South Figueroa Street, Ninth Floor Los Angeles, California 90071-3309 Phone: (213) 622-5555 Fax: (213) 620-8816 E-Mail: dzaro@allenmatkins.com EDWARD G. FATES (BAR NO. 227809 501 West Broadway, 15th Floor San Diego, California 92101-3541 Phone: (619) 233-1155 Fax: (619) 233-1158 E-Mail: tfates@allenmatkins.com	2)
	Attorneys for Receiver THOMAS C. HEBRANK	
10		
11		DISTRICT COURT
12	SOUTHERN DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA
13		
14	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	Case No. 3:12-cv-02164-GPC-JMA
15	Plaintiff,	DECLARATION OF THOMAS C. HEBRANK IN SUPPORT OF
16	V.	OPPOSITION TO INVESTORS' MOTION FOR AN ORDER
17	LOUIS V. SCHOOLER and FIRST	DIRECTING THE RECEIVER TO PROVIDE AN ACCOUNTING OR IN
18	FINANCIAL PLANNING CORPORATION d/b/a WESTERN	THE ALTERNATIVE FOR AN AUDIT OF THE RECEIVERSHIP BY
19	CORPORATION d/b/a WESTERN FINANCIAL PLANNING CORPORATION,	AN INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT
20	Defendants.	Date: June 10, 2016 Time: 1:30 p.m.
21		Ctrm.: 2D Judge: Hon. Gonzalo P. Curiel
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LAW OFFICES Allen Matkins Leck Gamble Mallory & Natsis LLP		12cv02164

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1

I, Thomas C. Hebrank, declare:

I am the Court-appointed receiver for First Financial Planning
 Corporation d/b/a Western Financial Planning Corporation ("Western"), and its
 subsidiaries and the General Partnerships listed on Schedule 1 to the Preliminary
 Injunction Order entered on March 13, 2013 (collectively, "Receivership Entities").
 I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein, and if called upon to do so, I
 could and would personally and competently testify to them.

8

Accounting and Restructuring Credentials

9 2. I have over 30 years of experience as a Certified Public Accountant and
10 am also a Certified Insolvency and Restructuring Advisor. I began my career as a
11 public auditor for then "Big 8" CPA firm Price Waterhouse. I have served as a
12 controller or audit director for firms in the banking, insurance, and real estate
13 industries. Since 2002, I have worked in the "problem resolution" area, involving
14 receiverships, bankruptcy trustee, and forensic accounting work.

I have served as receiver, lead project manager, or Chapter 11
 bankruptcy trustee in approximately 100 cases, including operating companies such
 as insurance and investment firms, assisted living facilities, transportation
 companies, as well as various real estate projects and portfolios, including
 condominium conversions, residential developments, apartments, high-rise office
 towers, hotels, and country clubs. I have performed complex forensic accounting
 projects in many of these cases.

4. I have also served as one of three public members on the five member
City of San Diego Audit Committee for the past five years. Finally, I have served
on the board of the San Diego City Employee's Retirement System (the Pension
Board), stepping into the role of Board President during a very tumultuous time in
San Diego's history. In this role, I assisted in reforming and turning around an
organization that had become the symbol of San Diego's financial crisis.

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1

GP and Western Accounting Procedures

5. The partnership administrators in place at the time of my appointment,
 Alice Jacobson and Beverly Shuler, never kept a ledger listing each transaction for
 each GP and did not prepare statements of receipts and disbursements. They had no
 experience using accounting software and instead used an outside independent
 contractor, Louise Cohen, to compile and enter data into QuickBooks from bank
 statements at the end of each year so Duffy Kruspodin & Company, LLP ("Duffy")
 could prepare GP tax returns.

Ms. Jacobson and Ms. Shuler had been handling the administration of 9 6 the GPs for many years, but were not willing to change their accounting procedures 10 for the limited amount the GPs paid them. Terminating them would have caused a 11 significant upheaval and overhaul in the administration of the GPs at a time when it 12 was not clear the GPs would remain in the receivership. Moreover, it was not clear 13 anyone would be willing to take their place. Geno Rodriguez from my staff 14 15 interviewed two potential administrators prior to Lincoln Property Company ("Lincoln") and both of them declined the job. 16

Purchasing new property management accounting software and hiring
 an accountant to institute new accounting procedures was not an expense Western or
 the GPs could afford. Mr. Rodriguez looked into purchasing new property
 management accounting software, but the cost would have been approximately
 \$100,000 up front, plus about \$70,000 in annual maintenance costs.

8. Accordingly, I monitored and tracked GP receipts and disbursements
and compiled them in a spreadsheet, which was then attached as Exhibit A to the
interim reports listing the total receipts and total disbursements and ending balance
for each GP. This was the most reasonable and efficient method available to track
GP transactions and provide summary accounting information on a quarterly basis.
I also tracked the receipts and disbursements for the Western entities and included
them at the bottom of Exhibit A, along with the ending balances for Western entity

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accounts. Finally, I had Western's controller (Traci Harris) prepare a revenue and
 expense schedule for Western and attached that schedule to my interim reports as
 Exhibit B.

9 On October 17, 2014, the Court directed me to provide an updated 4 report and recommendation on the GPs, including, among other things, information 5 about receipts and disbursements for each GP. At about the same time, Traci Harris 6 left Western. Accordingly, I created a new "master spreadsheet" as well as a 7 8 spreadsheet for each GP reflecting the receipts and disbursements by category starting on January 1, 2014. From that point on, receipts and disbursements for the 9 GPs have been logged and tracked via these spreadsheets. The actual receipts and 10 disbursements for 2014 and projected receipts and disbursements for 2015 were 11 included in my report and recommendation, along with a projected ending cash 12 balance as of December 31, 2015. 13

14 10. On May 12, 2015, the Court directed me to prepare an information packet for each GP. I did so and provided the actual receipts and disbursements for 15 each GP for 2014, the receipts and disbursements for each GP for 2015 (some of 16 17 which were actual and some of which were projected), and the projected receipts and disbursements for each GP for 2016. The receipts and disbursements are broken 18 19 down by category, contrary to the Aguirre Investors' false accusations. The 20 information packets also state the outstanding balances on mortgages and delinquent property taxes. An example of the information packets – for the GPs that own the 21 22 LV Kade property – is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

11. Over the last four months, extensive additional financial documentation
has been provided to the Aguirre Investors, including the QuickBooks financial
statements prepared by Louise Cohen (2012-2014), the master spreadsheet and
related GP spreadsheets showing receipts and disbursements by category for each
GP (2014 to present), accounting ledgers and financial statements maintained by
Lincoln (March 2015 to present), as well as all GP bank statements since the

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inception of the receivership. Examples of these documents (not including bank
 statements) for one GP - ABL Partners - are attached hereto as Exhibit B.

3

Flow-Through Transactions

The legacy system created by Western utilizes multiple Western-related 12 4 entities to perform specific functions, most notably receiving and disbursing 5 investor note payments, GP note payments, and mortgage payments. For investor 6 note payments, the OPADS system¹ and bank ACH interface depend on the 7 8 WSCC LLC bank account to receive investor note payments, and then they are transferred almost immediately over to the relevant GP bank accounts. Similarly, 9 10 GP note payments are swept from the GP bank accounts into the WFPC - Business bank account, and then disbursed to the Western corporate account to then be paid 11 to the underlying mortgage holder. These in and out bank transfers inflate receipts 12 and disbursements, and provide a misleading picture of Western's financial activity. 13 It was for this reason that I eliminated the bottom portion of the Exhibit A schedule 14 from my interim reports after the Ninth Interim Report. 15

16 13. Nevertheless, I have recreated quarterly reports of all Western-related
bank account receipts and disbursements, which are attached hereto as Exhibit C
(flow-through transactions described above are highlighted). The "double counting"
of receipts and disbursements is summarized below and accounts for a minimum of
approximately \$12.2 million in inflated receipts and disbursements. It should be
noted that other bank accounts listed on this schedule, including Fernley I, LLC,
P51 LLC, Santa Fe Venture and SFV II, LLC also contain in and out transactions, so

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^{The Aguirre Investors complain that the data contained in the OPADS system has not been produced to them. This is because OPADS only tracks investor payments, notes, capital calls, and contact information. It does not contain any GP-level transactions or Western-level transactions. Accordingly, as my counsel explained to Mr. Aguirre, it is not relevant to any pending motion, nor would it be appropriate for me to produce personal data regarding other investors to the Aguirre Investors.}

1 the amount of double counted receipts and disbursements is actually understated by

2 these items.

3	W	estern In & Out Trans	sactions				
4	WFPC	Business & WSCC Ba	nnk Account				
5		Receipts	Disbursements				
6	2012	1,271,542.92	1,223,913.01				
	1Q13	900,607.82	855,425.20				
7	2Q13	1,011,170.13	1,010,108.37				
8	3Q13	704,850.68	730,324.01				
	4Q13	1,005,868.35	997,237.17				
9	1Q14	1,061,853.90	1,115,629.75				
10	2Q14	946,546.97	941,662.41				
	3Q14	986,583.25	988,959.98				
11	4Q14	932,175.76	937,081.34				
12	1Q15	909,823.87	900,287.49				
12	2Q15	850,109.21	844,214.69				
13	3Q15	813,278.38	798,159.42				
14	4Q15	804,717.37	814,291.90				
15	Total	12,199,128.61	12,157,294.74				
16							
17	Fee	s and Costs of the Rec	<u>eivership</u>				
18	14. The Court-appr	oved fees and costs of	the receivership have been paid				
19	in increments over time from	n Western's assets, incl	uding loans collected from GPs,				
20	amounts collected on the jud	lgments against the Lin	Mar entities, and amounts				
21	collected from the Court-ap	proved sales of Westerr	n's automobiles, gold coins, and				
22	office furniture and equipme	ent. As detailed below,	there is currently \$399,043.47 in				
23	Court-approved but unpaid	fees and costs of the rec	ceivership because of Western's				
24	constant cash shortage (and another \$79,848 in Court-approved but unpaid fees						
25	owed to Duffy by the GPs because of GPs that have no cash).						
26	15. For purposes of	f projecting outcomes in	n the Distribution Motion, I				
27	estimated what the unpaid for	ees and costs of the rece	eivership through the end of 2016				
28	(including holdbacks) might	t be – \$1,500,000 – and	used that number. Of course,				

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there is no way to know what the actual future fees and costs will be, so my best
 estimate is just that – an estimate. The actual fees and costs incurred in the future
 are likely to vary substantially from the estimate.

From inception of the receivership through September 30, 2015, I have 4 16. incurred fees and costs of \$1,072,363.24, of which amount \$209,377.71 is subject to 5 holdback pending approval of my final fee application at the conclusion of the 6 receivership, \$636,772.50 has been approved by the Court and paid from Western's 7 8 assets, and \$226,213.74 has been approved by the Court but remains unpaid. During the same time period, Allen Matkins incurred fees and costs of \$807,808.88, 9 of which amount \$171,852.71 is subject to holdback pending approval of Allen 10 Matkins' final fee application at the conclusion of the receivership, \$463,126.45 has 11 been approved by the Court and paid from Western's assets, and \$172,829.73 has 12 been approved by the Court but remains unpaid. Finally, during the same time 13 period, tax accountant Duffy Kruspodin & Company, LLP has incurred \$46,687.52 14 for preparing tax returns for Western and other non-GP Receivership Entities, all of 15 which has been paid from Western's assets, and has incurred \$303,686.52 for 16 preparing GP tax returns, of which \$79,848.00 remains unpaid because of GPs that 17 18 have no cash.

19

LV Kade Property Taxes

The Aguirre Investors argue I could have taken out a loan to pay the 20 17. past due property taxes on the LV Kade property. This makes no sense. The four 21 22 GPs that own the LV Kade property have essentially no cash. Collectively, they needed to raise \$98,277 from their investors to meet their 2016 expenses, but only 23 24 raised \$30,027, all of which will be returned to the investors from which it came 25 because the capital call failed. Lenders do not make loans to entities that have no 26 income and no cash available to make loan payments. Even if such an unconventional "hard money" loan was available, the terms would be very 27

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unfavorable and the transaction costs of obtaining the loan would outweigh the
 benefit.

3

Complete Lack of Effort to Understand Accounting

There is a vast amount of accounting documents and information 18. 4 5 regarding the Receivership Entities that are both publicly available and that I have provided directly to the Aguirre Investors and Dillon Investors. In their motion, 6 they make very serious false accusations about improper accounting and numerous 7 false statements and assumptions. Yet, at no time have the Aguirre Investors or 8 Dillon Investors asked me to explain any aspect whatsoever of the accounting 9 documents and information. Nor have they asked me how the fees and costs of the 10 11 receivership have been paid to date, how they will be paid under the proposed distribution plan, or what amount for fees and costs I used for purposes of the 12 distribution projections in the Distribution Motion (Dkt. No. 1181). 13

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LAW OFFICES Matkins Leck Gamble allory & Natsis LLP

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that theforegoing is true and correct.

Executed this 13th day of May 2016, at San Diego, California.

Thomas C Hebran

THOMAS C. HEBRANK

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
Exhibit A	LV Kade Property Example Information Packet	10
Exhibit B	ABL Partners Accounting Records and Financial Statements	21
Exhibit C	Recreated Quarterly Reports of All Western-Related Bank Account Receipts and Disbursements	36

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EXHIBIT A



June 29, 2015

LV Kade Property Information Packet

- Hollywood Partners (1996) 25%
- BLA Partners (1997) 25%
- Checkered Flag Partners (1997) 25%
- Victory Lap Partners (1998) 25%

Dear Investor:

This information packet is being provided to you pursuant to an order of the District Court in the pending case between the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), Louis Schooler, and First Financial Planning Corporation d/b/a Western Financial Planning Corporation ("Western"). The relevant order, which is dated March 4, 2015, and is entitled Order Keeping General Partnerships Under Receivership ("Order"), is available at the Receiver's website, <u>www.ethreeadvisors.com</u> (use the SEC Case Docs tab). You are encouraged to review the order carefully.

This packet is intended to provide you with information about the District Court case, the Receiver's findings, and the financial condition of your General Partnership ("GP"). Specifically, the Order instructs the Receiver to provide you with the following information:

I. SEC ALLEGATIONS

The following is a summary of the allegations made by the SEC in the case:

On September 4, 2012, the SEC filed a complaint against Louis Schooler and Western, alleging they committed fraud and failed to register securities in violation of the federal securities laws.

A. Fraud Allegations

The SEC alleges Mr. Schooler orchestrated an offering fraud that involved buying raw, undeveloped land and using his company, Western, to sell the land to investors for far more than it was worth, without properly disclosing its true value. The SEC alleges Mr. Schooler marked up the land and sold it to investors at a price that was several times higher than what he paid for it (in some cases, 500% higher or more) without disclosing to investors the price he paid.

The SEC also alleges Mr. Schooler led investors to believe they received a good price for the land Western offered. His sales force allegedly used real estate "comps" that appeared to show that similar land was worth even more than what investors were paying for Western's land.

However, the SEC alleges the "comps" were not truly comparable because they often included entitlements, zoning, water rights, and other features that Western's land did not have.

In addition to misrepresenting the value of the land to investors, the SEC alleges Mr. Schooler concealed the fact the land Western offered to investors was often subject to mortgages Western had taken out to pay for the land. The SEC also alleges Mr. Schooler did not disclose the land was not owned outright nor the risk that the seller could foreclose upon the property if Western ceased making mortgage payments.

B. <u>Registration Violations</u>

The SEC alleges Western sold its land to investors through GPs that it structured, organized, and managed from inception through the time of an eventual land sale. Investors, many of whom were allegedly unsophisticated in business affairs, purchased units in a GP, and the GP purchased land from Western. The SEC alleges the GP units are securities because investors were completely dependent on Schooler and Western to manage their investment. Because Schooler and Western failed to register their securities offerings with the SEC, the SEC alleges they violated the securities registration provisions. On April 25, 2014, the District Court decided that the GP units sold to investors are securities.

II. RECEIVER'S FINDINGS

A. <u>Original Purchase Prices of GP Properties, Funds Raised By Western, and</u> <u>Appraised Values of GP Properties</u>

The purchase price paid by Western for this property is no longer available through a review of public documents and tax records due to the age of the property purchase (1996 or before). However, for the 13 properties Western purchased after 2003, the average mark-up over Western's initial purchase price was 412%. Using this average, it would be estimated that Western paid approximately \$1,565,000 for the property, or \$6,450,000 less than the partnerships paid for the land. In 1996 - 1998, Western formed 4 underlying partnerships, each with a 25% undivided interest in the property. Western raised \$8,015,000 when it sold the land to the investors of the four partnerships. An outside appraisal obtained in June 2015 valued the property at \$8,260,000. This is all outlined in the chart below.

	Western Land Purchase Price	Amount Raised From Investors	Excess Proceeds Raised by Western	Excess Proceeds %	2015 Appraised Value
Hollywood Partners	N/A	1,850,000	N/A	N/A	2,065,000
BLA Partners	N/A	1,887,000	N/A	N/A	2,065,000
Checkered Flag Partners	N/A	1,957,000	N/A	N/A	2,065,000
Victory Lap Partners	N/A	2,321,000	N/A	N/A	2,065,000
	N/A	8,015,000	N/A	N/A	8,260,000

B. <u>How the Difference Between the Original Purchase Prices and the Money</u> <u>Raised Was Spent by Western</u>

Western did not keep separate accounts for the funds it obtained from each GP. All funds it obtained from the GPs for selling land went to the same primary bank account. Therefore, there is no way to know exactly how the funds Western obtained for selling the LV Kade Property land were used, as opposed to funds obtained from selling other land. And as previously mentioned, we have not been able to obtain the initial purchase price Western paid for this property.

The Receiver did an analysis of how funds were spent by Western for the time period 2005 - 2012. Based upon average amounts spent during that period by category, the \$6,450,000 in estimated excess proceeds received by Western is estimated to have been spent as follows:

	Average % Paid	Estimated Amount Paid
Payments to Schooler	21%	\$1,379,743
Sales Commissions	15%	\$997,616
Payroll - Other	17%	\$1,126,051
Operating Expenses	21%	\$1,356,948
Western Investments in GPs	9%	\$585,482
Income Taxes	6%	\$362,535
Payments to Related Parties	6%	\$371,548
Payments to Escrow Companies	4%	\$270,078
	100%	\$6,450,000

Additional information on the Receiver's findings concerning the financial affairs of Western and the GPs can be found on the Receiver's website, <u>www.ethreeadvisors.com</u> (use the SEC Case Docs tab), including Part One and Part Two of the Receiver's Forensic Accounting Report.

III. CURRENT FINANCIAL STATUS OF LV KADE PROPERTY GPS

Listed below are the current and projected cash balances for the LV Kade Property GPs.

	Cash as of 1/1/2015	Est 2015 & 2016 Receipts	Est 2015 & 2016 Expenses	Estimated Cash as of 12/31/2016	Percentage of Operational Bills Paid Since 2013
Hollywood Partners	\$16,564	\$874	(\$44,560)	(\$27,122)	30%
BLA Partners	\$15,715	\$528	(\$36,379)	(\$20,136)	40%
Checkered Flag Partners	\$14,825	\$0	(\$35,029)	(\$20,204)	29%
Victory Partners	\$7,983	\$828	(\$39,628)	(\$30,817)	27%
	\$55,087	\$2,230	(\$155,596)	(\$99,279)	31%

The receipts primarily consist of investor payments of operational billings. Expenses consist primarily of administrators, tax preparation, property taxes (both current year, and delinquent 2013), insurance, and most significantly, loan payments due to Western for financed investments. Attached as Exhibit "A" are actual and estimated receipts and disbursements for 2014, 2015 and 2016 for each GP.

The LV Kade Property GPs are already delinquent on 2013 property taxes totaling (\$38,362) and in paying back shortfall loans from Western totaling (\$26,160). All of the GPs in this property are projected to run out of money, and not be able to pay items such as current and past due property taxes and loan payments. Accordingly, a capital call will be sent out shortly to all of the investors in the LV Kade Property GPs to fund these projected deficiencies.

The GPs have historically only raised 31% from investors since 2013 to pay expenditures for the LV Kade Property. If this historic percentage of operational billing payments holds true for the capital call, and sufficient capital is not raised, the LV Kade Property will be sold, subject to Court approval of the sale terms.

It is important to understand that, because of the co-tenancy structure for LV Kade Property, in which each of the four GPs own a percentage of the same land, the financial status of each GP can potentially affect the other GPs. If, for example, one GP in the group becomes unable to pay its operating expenses such as property taxes, the other GPs may be adversely effected by the late charges and/or penalties incurred for the land as a whole. Per the Court's order, if the investors in one or more of the LV Kade Partners GPs do not raise sufficient funds in this capital call, investors in the remaining GPs will be given the opportunity to cover the shortfall in capital needed to pay expenses. Investors can also voluntarily contribute additional capital to the LV Kade Property GPs, with a corresponding increase in their ownership interest.

IV. ESTIMATED CURRENT VALUE OF INVESTMENT

Listed below is the estimated cash proceeds that would be received from a sale of the property, based on its June 2015 appraised value. The estimated net sale proceeds are based on the existing 2015 appraised value (less cost of sale). There are no underlying GP notes payable or mortgages payable on this property. A sale based on these assumptions would yield positive net proceeds of \$7,681,800 for the 4 GPs that comprise the LV Kade Property. This amount would be further reduced, based on the status of the past due property taxes and shortfall loans previously discussed.

	Estimated Net Sale Proceeds	GP Notes Payable to Western	Outstanding Balance on Mortgages	Estimated Cash Proceeds to GPs from Sale
Hollywood Partners	\$1,920,450	\$0	\$0	\$1,920,450
BLA Partners	\$1,920,450	\$0	\$0	\$1,920,450
Checkered Flag Partners	\$1,920,450	\$0	\$0	\$1,920,450
Victory Lap Partners	\$1,920,450	\$0	\$0	\$1,920,450
	\$7,681,800	\$0	\$0	\$7,681,800

Sincerely,

Thomas C Hebrank (

Thomas C. Hebrank, CPA, CIRA Receiver

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EXHIBIT "A"

Hollywood

2014/2015/2016 Operational Summary and Estimated Operational Expenses

	Actual 2014	Actual / Projected 2015		Projected 2016
Beginning Cash Balance	14,738	16,564		(10,791)
Receipts				
Investor Operational Contributions	22,924	874		-
2013 Cleared Deposits				
Misc. Reciepts	-	-		-
Investor Note Payments	-	-	_	-
Total Receipts	22,924	874	_	-
Disbursements				
Administrator Payroll	1,500	1,300	1	1,200
K-1 Preparation	2,641	2,567	2	1,400
Property Taxes/Bond Payments	16,481	18,037	3	7,406
Insurance	70	200		200
Office Supplies	406	425		425
Appraisal	-	-		-
State and Local Entity Filings	-	-		-
Income Taxes	-	-		-
Miscellaneous	-	1,000	4	1,000
Operational Loan Repayment	-	4,700	5	4,700
Note Repayment to Western	-	-		-
Total Disbursements	21,098	28,229	_	16,331
Ending Cash Balance	16,564	(10,791)	_	(27,121)
Amount to be Billed		10,791		27,121

¹ In April 2015, the GPs will pay a small upfront fee to Lincoln property, but will see comparable costs thereafter.

- ² It should be noted that the 2014 K-1 preparation was due in 2014, but not paid until 2015 because the Court had not yet authorized that payment. We anticipate that expense will be due and payable in the applicable year on a go-forward basis (i.e billed in 2015 and paid in 2015). Therefore, the K-1 Preparations expenses include 2014 and 2015 fees.
- ³ The amount in 2015 includes defaulted property taxes for 2013.
- ⁴ This amount is included for budgetary reasons but is not expensed if not used.
- ⁵ In previous years, Western would cover portions of the operational bills for the partnerships when they did not have sufficient funds to pay these expenses. The Court has ordered us to recover these funds from the respective partnership.

BLA

2014/2015/2016 Operational Summary and Estimated Operational Expenses

	Actual 2014	Actual / Projected 2015		Projected 2016
Beginning Cash Balance	12,604	15,715	_	(8,555)
Receipts				
Investor Operational Contributions	17,025	528		-
2013 Cleared Deposits	5,017			
Misc. Reciepts	-	-		-
Investor Note Payments	-	-	_	-
Total Receipts	22,042	528	-	-
Disbursements				
Administrator Payroll	1,300	1,300	1	1,200
K-1 Preparation	725	3,886	2	1,400
Property Taxes/Bond Payments	16,481	18,037	3	7,406
Insurance	69	200		200
Office Supplies	356	375		375
Appraisal	-	-		-
State and Local Entity Filings	-	-		-
Income Taxes	-	-		-
Miscellaneous	-	1,000	4	1,000
Operational Loan Repayment	-	-		-
Note Repayment to Western		-	_	_
Total Disbursements	18,931	24,798	_	11,581
Ending Cash Balance	15,715	(8,555)	-	(20,136)

Amount to be Billed

20,136

¹ In April 2015, the GPs will pay a small upfront fee to Lincoln property, but will see comparable costs thereafter.

- ² It should be noted that the 2014 K-1 preparation was due in 2014, but not paid unitl 2015 because the Court had not yet authorized that payment. We anticipate that expense will be due and payable in the applicable year on a go-forward basis (i.e billed in 2015 and paid in 2015). Therefore, the K-1 Preparations expenses include 2014 and 2015 fees.
- ³ This amount includes a portion of past due property taxes from 2013 and 2014.
- ⁴ This amount is included for budgetary reasons but is not expensed if not used.

Checkered Flag

2014/2015/2016 Operational Summary and Estimated Operational Expenses

	Actual 2014	Actual / Projected 2015		Projected 2016
Beginning Cash Balance	17,826	14,825	_	(8,622)
Receipts				
Investor Operational Contributions	13,566	-		-
2013 Cleared Deposits	2,585			
Misc. Reciepts	-	-		-
Investor Note Payments	-	-		-
Total Receipts	16,151	-		-
Disbursements				
Administrator Payroll	1,500	1,300	1	1,200
K-1 Preparation	745	1,942	2	1,400
Property Taxes/Bond Payments	16,481	18,037	3	7,406
Insurance	69	200		200
Office Supplies	356	375		375
Appraisal	-	-		-
State and Local Entity Filings	-	-		-
Income Taxes	-	-		-
Miscellaneous	-	1,000	4	1,000
Operational Loan Repayment	-	593	5	-
Note Repayment to Western	-	-		-
Total Disbursements	19,151	23,448	_	11,581
Ending Cash Balance	14,825	(8,622)	_	(20,203)
Amount to be Billed		8,622		20,203

¹ In April 2015, the GPs will pay a small upfront fee to Lincoln property, but will see comparable costs thereafter.

² It should be noted that the 2014 K-1 preparation was due in 2014, but not paid unitl 2015 because the Court had not yet authorized that payment. We anticipate that expense will be due and payable in the applicable year on a go-forward basis (i.e billed in 2015 and paid in 2015). Therefore, the K-1 Preparations expenses include 2014 and 2015 fees.

³ This amount includes a portion of past due property taxes from 2013 and 2014.

⁴ This amount is included for budgetary reasons but is not expensed if not used.

⁵ In previous years, Western would cover portions of the operational bills for the partnerships when they did not have sufficient funds to pay these expenses. The Court has ordered us to recover these funds from the respective partnership.

Victory Lap

2014/2015/2016 Operational Summary and Estimated Operational Expenses

	Actual 2014	Actual / Projected 2015		Projected 2016
Beginning Cash Balance	11,330	7,983	_	(19,136)
Receipts				
Investor Operational Contributions	14,101	828		-
2013 Cleared Deposits	1,777	-		-
Misc. Reciepts	-	-		-
Investor Note Payments	-	-		-
Total Receipts	15,878	828	-	-
Disbursements				
Administrator Payroll	1,500	1,300	1	1,200
K-1 Preparation	725	2,278	2	1,400
Property Taxes/Bond Payments	16,481	18,037	3	7,406
Insurance	69	200		200
Office Supplies	451	475		475
Appraisal	-	-		-
State and Local Entity Filings	-	-		-
Income Taxes	-	-		-
Miscellaneous	-	1,000	4	1,000
Operational Loan Repayment	-	2,067	5	-
Note Repayment to Western	-	2,590	6	-
Total Disbursements	19,226	27,947		11,681
Ending Cash Balance	7,983	(19,136)	_	(30,817)
Amount to be Billed		19,136		30,817

¹ In April 2015, the GPs will pay a small upfront fee to Lincoln property, but will see comparable costs thereafter.

- ² It should be noted that the 2014 K-1 preparation was due in 2014, but not paid unitl 2015 because the Court had not yet authorized that payment. We anticipate that expense will be due and payable in the applicable year on a go-forward basis (i.e billed in 2015 and paid in 2015). Therefore, the K1 Preparations expenses include 2014 and 2015 fees.
- ³ This amount includes a portion of past due property taxes from 2013 and 2014.
- ⁴ This amount is included for budgetary reasons but is not expensed if not used.
- ⁵ In previous years, Western would cover portions of the operational bills for the partnerships when they did not have sufficient funds to pay these expenses. The Court has ordered us to recover these funds from the respective partnership.
- ⁶ This payment reflects the amount due from the partnership to Western for those Investors that financed their investment.

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EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

ABL PARTNERS Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Income Tax Basis January through December 2012

	Jan - Dec 12
Income	0.00
Expense	
Accounting	2,576.80
Administrative Fees	1,200.00 , 2007
Fees	150.00 - 400
Insurance	250.00
Office Expense	180.80
Real Estate Taxes	751.89
Total Expense	5,109.49
Net Income	-5,109.49
	La contra de la co



For internal use only.

ABL PARTNERS Statement of Assets, Liabilities, Capital - Income Tax Basis As of December 31, 2012

	Dec 31, 12
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Checking/Savings	1
Cash Security Bus Bk/AmWest Bk	30,009.78
Total Checking/Savings	30,009.78
Total Current Assets	30,009.78
Other Assets	/
Land	1,205,306.92) 30,553.69 1,235,861
Water & Sewer Improvements	30,553.69 1,235,801
Notes Receivable Partners	8,858.98
Organization Cost	141,363.51
Amortization Organization Cost	-141,363.51
Total Other Assets	1,244,719.59
TOTAL ASSETS	1,274,729.37
LIABILITIES & EQUITY	Per
Equity	1 070 000 00
Partners Capital Net Income	1,279,838.86
Net income	-5,109.49
Total Equity	1,274,729.37
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	1,274,729.37
	The second se

ABL PARTNERS Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Income Tax Basis January through December 2013

	Jan - Dec 13
Ordinary Income/Expense Expense Accounting Administrative Fees Insurance Office Expense Appraisal Real Estate Taxes	2,041.62 1,540.00 275.00 47.65 166.50 751.89
Total Expense	4,822.66
Net Ordinary Income	-4,822.66
Other Income/Expense Other Income Other Income	9.97 7
Total Other Income	9.97
Net Other Income	9.97
Net Income	-4,812.69

ABL PARTNERS

Statement of Assets, Liabilities, Capital - Income Tax Basis As of December 31, 2013

	Dec 31, 13
ASSETS Current Assets Checking/Savings Cash in AmWest Bank	25,127.12
Total Checking/Savings	25,127.12
Total Current Assets	25,127.12
Other Assets Land Water & Sewer Improvements Notes Receivable Partners Organization Cost Amortization Organization Cost	1,205,316.8971,235,871 30,553.69 8,858.98 141,363.51 -141,363.51
Total Other Assets	1,244,729.56
TOTAL ASSETS	1,269,856.68
LIABILITIES & EQUITY Equity Partners Capital Partners Distributions Net Income	1,274,729.37 -60.00 -4,812.69
Total Equity	1,269,856.68
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	1,269,856.68

ABL

Actual and Estimated Cash from January 2014 flow through December 2015

	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	2014
Beginning Cash Balance	25,667	25,267	23,455	23,255	22,517	22,117	22,017	21,917	21,817	21,717	21,617	20,734	25,667
Receipts													
Partner Operational Contributions	-	-		-	-	~	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Miscellaneous Receipts	-	-	-	-			-		-	-	-	-	-
Partner Note Payments		-			-		-	-		-	_		
Total Receipts		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Disbursements													
Administrator Payroll	400		200	-	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1,400
K1 Preparation	-	-	-	700	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	700
Property Taxes/Bond Payments	-	1,637	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	784	tre .	2,421
Insurance		-	-	•	300		-	-	н	-	-		300
Office Supplies	-	175	-	37	-		-	-	-	-		-	212
Appraisal	-	-		**	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
State and Local Entity Filings	-		-	-			-		-	~	-	~	-
Income Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
¹ Operational Loan Repayment		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
¹ Mortgage Loan Repayment	~	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Disbursements	400	1,813	200	737	400	100	100	100	100	100	884	100	5,033
Ending Cash Balance	25,267	23,455	23,255	22,517	22,117	22,017	21,917	21,817	21,717	21,617	20,734	20,634	20,634

ABL

Actual and Estimated Cash from January 2014 flow through December 2015

	Balance Sheet 12/31/2013	2014 Activity	Balance Sheet 12/31/2014
Cash AmWest Bank	25,127.12	(5,033.43)	20,093.69
Land	1,205,316.89		1,205,316.89
Other Assets	-		
Land Improvements	30,553.69		30,553.69
Common Area Improvements	-		
Notes Receivable Partners	8,858.98	-	8,858.98
Organization Cost	141,363.51		141,363.51
Amortization Organization Cost	(141,363.51)		(141,363.51)
Total Assets	1,269,856.68	-	1,264,823.25
Other Liabilities	-	-	_
Trust Deed Payable	-	-	-
Partners Capital	(1,274,729.37)		(1,274,729.37)
Partners Contributions	-	-	-
Partners Distributions	60.00		60.00
Net Income	4,812.69	5,033.43	9,846.12
Total Liabilities & Equity	(1,269,856.68)		(1,264,823.25)

ABL

Actual and Estimated Cash from January 2014 flow through December 2015

	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	2015	Tota
Beginning Cash Balance	20,634	20,534	19,142	19,042	18,259	17,959	17,959	17,819	17,690	17,690	16,939	16,939	20,634	16,939
Receipts														
Partner Operational Contributions	-	-	~	~	4		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Receipts	-	-		~		-	-				-	-	-	-
Partner Note Payments	-	-				-				-	-		-	
Total Receipts	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-		
Disbursements														
Administrator Payroll	100	100	100	-	-	-	139	30	~	30	-	59	558	1,958
K1 Preparation		1,291	-	-		-	-	-		721	-	1,212	3,225	3,925
Property Taxes/Bond Payments	-		-	784	-	-	-	-	-		-		784	3,205
Insurance	-		-	-	300	-	-	-		-	-		300	600
Office Supplies												101	101	314
Appraisal	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
State and Local Entity Filings	-	*1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-
Income Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	100	100
¹ Operational Loan Repayment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ų	_	-	-	-
¹ Mortgage Loan Repayment		-	-	-	-	-	_		-		-		-	
Total Disbursements	100	1,391	100	784	300	-	139	130		751	-	1,372	5,068	10,101
Ending Cash Balance	20,534	19,142	19,042	18,259	17,959	17,959	17,819	17,690	17,690	16,939	16,939	15,566	15,566	15,566

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MASTER BS TECATE LPC Commercial Balance Sheet For the Period Ending February 29, 2016

74082 ABL

Description	Account	February Balance		January Balance	Change	
		-		-	2	
ASSETS:						
CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS						
CASH						
CASH-OPERATING				4 - 004 70		(20 55)
Cash-Operating	1051	0	14,802.23	14,831.78		(29.55)
CASH RESERVES						
CASH-OTHER						
RESTR CASH-ESCROW / RESERV						
TOTAL CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS		-	14,802.23	14,831.78		(29.55)
A/R AND ACCRUED REVENUE			,			
INTERCOMPANY						
Intercompany	1110	1	(7.28)	(7.28)		
A/R-RESIDENTS						
ACCRUED REVENUE						
A/R-INSURANCE						
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE-OTHER						
A/R-EMPLOYEES						
A/R-PARTNERS						
A/R-Partner Contrib	1171	0	8,858.98	8,858.98		
A/R-PARTNERSHIP LOANS						
ALLOW FOR DOUBTFUL ACCTS					_	
TOTAL ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		-	8,851.70	8,851.70		
NOTES RECEIVABLE						
N/R-SECURED						
N/R-UNSECURED						
N/R-TENANTS						
N/R-NON LPC PARTNERS						
N/R-LPC PARTNERS						
N/R-INTERCOMPANY						
N/R-OTHER						
WORK IN PROGRESS						
WORK IN PROGRESS-CONTRA						
REAL PROPERTY-CONTRA						
CAP AMORT LOAN COST						
FIXED ASSETS						
LAND COSTS						
ORIGINAL COSTS Acg Real Prop-Land Impr	1610	75	30,553.69	30,553.69		
Acq Real Property-Comm	161		1,205,316.89	1,205,316.89		
REHAB COSTS	101.		_,,			
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS						
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS						
Organization Costs	165	05	141,363.51	141,363.51		
LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS						
FARM & NURSERY PROPERTY						

1 3/16/2016 9:47:13

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OIL AND GAS EQUIPMENT OTHER DEPRECIABLE ASSETS FIXED ASSTS-FULLY DEPR/SOLD				
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS ACCUMULATED DEPR/AMORT ACC DEP/AMOR-ORIG PRJ COST ACC DEP/AMORT-REHAB COST ACC DEP/AMORT-CAP IMPROVE	-	1,377,234.09	1,377,234.09	
ACC AMORT-OTHER INTAN ASSET A/A-Organization Costs ACC DEP-LEASEHOLD IMPROV ACC DEP-FARM/NURSERY PROP ACCUM DEPR-OIL & GAS EQUIP ACC DEP-OTHER DEPREC ASSET ACC DEP/AMORT-FULL/SOLD	17505	(141,363.51)	(141,363.51)	
TOTAL ACCUM DEPR/AMORT OTHER ASSETS INVENTORY PREPAID EXPENSES DEPOSITS DEFERRED EXPENSES INVESTMENTS IN LPC ENTITIES INVEST IN NON-LPC ENTITIES PARTNER PERS INVESTMENTS MISCELLANEOUS ASSETS		(141,363.51)	(141,363.51)	
TOTAL ASSETS		1,259,524.51	1,259,554.06	(29.55)
LIABILITIES A/P AND ACCRUED EXPENSES INTERCO PAYABLE/ADVANCES ACCOUNTS PAYABLE A/P-Trade ACCRUED EXPENSES Accrued Operating Exp A/P-OTHER A/P-OTHER A/P-PARTNERS A/P- PARTNERS A/P- PARTNERSHIP LOANS A/P- P/S LOAN-ACCD INTEREST A/P-PTR CONTRIB-PREF RET	21310	(36.41)	36.41 (36.41)	(36.41) (36.41)
TOTAL A/P & ACCRUED EXPENSES NOTES PAYABLE NOTES PAYABLE-RECOURSE NOTES PAYBLE-NONRECOURSE NOTES PAYBLE-INTERCO-REC NOTES PAYBLE-INTER-NONREC N / P-OTHER-RECOURSE N / P OTHER-RECOURSE OTHER LIABILITIES UNEARNED REVENUE SECURITY DEPOSITS DEPOSITS GENERAL CLEARING/SUSPENSE		(30.41)		799.121

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PAYROLL CLEARING DEFERRED INCOME MISCELLANEOUS LIABILITIES			
MISCELLANEOUS LIABLETTES	-	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES EQUITY	(36.41)		(36.41)
FEE OWNERS & INVESTOR ADJ'S			
ADJ TO CAP-OWNERS/INVEST			
OWNERS CONTRIB & DISTRIB			
401K CONTRIB/DISTRIB			
401K PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS			
401K PLAN DISTRIBUTIONS			
CONTRIBUTIONS			
CASH P/S CONTRIBUTIONS	(1,264,823.25)	(1,264,823.25)	
Cash Contrib-Original	(1,204,020.20)	(-))	
PROPERTY P/S CONTRIBUTIONS			
CORPORATE CONTRIBUTIONS			
BASIS ADJ/PTR TRANSFERS			
PARTNER CONTRIB-INTERNAL			
PARTNER PERSONAL CONTRIB			
DISTRIBUTIONS			
CASH P/S DISTRIBUTIONS			
PROPERTY P/S DISTRIBUTIONS			
CORPORATE DISTRIBUTIONS			
PARTNER DISTRIB-INTERNAL			
PARTNER PERSONAL DISTRIB			
INCOME/LOSS			
INCOME/LOSS			
RETAINED EARNINGS ACCTS Drive Vir Lipplicated P&L 39998	4,727.17	4,727.17	
Prior Yr Unallocated P&L 39998	1,7 = 7 1 = 7		
	(1,260,096.08)	(1,260,096.08)	
	607.98	542.02	65.96
INCOME "-"/LOSS CURRENT YEAR			
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	(1,259,524.51)	(1,259,554.06)	29.55

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ABL 2016 Cash Flow

	2015	Jan-16	Feb-16	Mar-16	Apr-16	May-16	Jun-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	2016	Total
Beginning Cash Balance	20,634	15,410	14,832	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	15,410	25,667
Receipts															
Partner Operational Contributions	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
2013 Cleared Deposits															(540)
Interest Income	-														-
Miscellaneous Receipts	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Partner Note Payments	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	
Total Receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	(540)
Disbursements															
Administrator Payroll	300													-	1,700
Administrative Expense	923													-	923
K1 Preparation	2,503	174												174	3,377
Property Taxes/Bond Payments	910													-	3,331
Insurance	300													-	600
Interest Expense	-													-	-
Office Supplies	-													-	212
Appraisal	-	375												375	375
State and Local Entity Filings	~													-	-
Income Taxes	-													-	-
Miscellaneous	-													-	-
Courier Service	7													-	7
Management Fees	280	30	30											59	339
¹ Operational Loan Repayment	-													-	
¹ Mortgage Loan Repayment														-	
Total Disbursements	5,223	578	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		608	10,865
Ending Cash Balance	15,410	14,832	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802	14,802

1 Payable to Western Financial Planning Corp

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PAGE: 1 BANK ACCOUNT RECONCILIATION DATE: 3/16/16 Email Recipients: TIME: 12/52/36 AS OF: 2/29/16 REC BY: RPOYNTER REGION: KK LE: 74082-10510 -558315 BU: ABL-Tecate CA BNK ACCT#110007267 BANK: American West

						DAYS	
	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	REF.DATE	REF.	AMOUNT	OLD	Disposition:
		BALANCE FER BANK	2/29/16		14,958.10		
*	PK	RPC PROPERTY TAX ADVISO	111715	001017	126.32-	101	
	PK	LPC WEST, LLC	022416	001025	29.55-	2	
		ADJUSTED BANK BALANCE			14,802.23		
		BALANCE PER BOOKS	2/29/16		14,802.23		

ADJUSTED BOOK BALANCE	14,802.23
DIFFERENCE	.00

DP-UNREPORTED DEPOSIT UD-UNRECORDED DEPOSIT RE-RECORDING ERROR BC-BANK CHARGE UN-UNRECORDED NSF DT-DEPOSIT IN TRANSIT IN-INTEREST EARNED UC-UNRECORDED CHECK OC-OUTSTANDING CHECK BE-BANK ERROR BD-BANK DEBIT

PK-OUTSTANDING CHECK

Case 3:12-cv-02164-GPC-JN PAGE: 1 REGION: KK LE: 74082-10510 -558	BANK ACCOUNT RECONCILIATION AS OF: 2/29/16	DATE: 3/16/16 Email TIME: 12/52/36 REC BY: RPOYNTER	-
BNK ACCT#110007267	BANK: American	West	
		DZ	AYS
TYPE DESCRIPTION	REF.DATE REF.	AMOUNT	LD Disposition:
BALANCE PER BOOKS:	2/29/16	14,802.23	
OUTSTANDING CHECKS:			
* PK RFC PROPERTY TAX ADVISO	111715 001017	126.32 1	.01
PK LPC WEST, LLC	022416 001025	29.55	2
BALANCE PER BANK:		14,958.10	1
		************************ V	
Difference:		.00	

Exhibit B, Page 33

DP-UNREPORTED DEPOSIT UD-UNRECORDED DEPOSIT RE-RECORDING ERROR BC-BANK CHARGE IN-INTEREST EARNED UC-UNRECORDED CHECK BE-BANK ERROR

UN-UNRECORDED NSF BD-BANK DEBIT

DT-DEPOSIT IN TRANSIT OC-OUTSTANDING CHECK PK-OUTSTANDING CHECK

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09200P		Accou	unt Ledger Prin	וב						3/16/16 1 2/Per 02/01/16
Account		0510.558315	Banner Bank						Ledger Ty Sub Ledge Currency	er/Ty *
DT Document	Date	Explanation		Batch	Subled	ger.	Debit	Credit	P	
									-	
	02/24/16 LP	C WEST, LLC		235646		1.00		29.55-	P	
00530187				Batch Da	ate 02/2	4/16			User ID	CLPOLK
								29.55-		
				A	count	Balances				
	Lei	dger Total					29.55-			
	Un	posted								
	Ye	ar-to-Date					607,98-			
	Cur	mulative		14	802.23					

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EXHIBIT C

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q4 2012

Bank Name	9/5/12 Balance	9/5/12 to 12/31/12 Deposits	9/5/12 to 12/31/12 Disbursements	12/31/12 Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:				
Fernley I, LLC	102.86	11,506.56	11,600.00	9.42
P51 LLC	2,664.22	15,685.57	17,342.76	1,007.03
Santa Fe Venture	10,850.86	56,988.73	64,060.64	50.52
SFV II, LLC	4,084.04	9,703.20	12,416.68	2,702.16
WFPC - Corp	177,359.03	550,804.75	646,525.01	67,770.62
WFPC - Business	(118,928.69)	539,386.83	502,160.19	(18,749.44)
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	111,369.52	111,369.52	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	847.27	0.13	20.00	827.40
WFPC - Special	222.88	1,741.34	-	1,964.22
WFPC - FFP	1,598.24	9,087.05	6,000.00	4,044.33
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	45,334.51	732,156.09	721,752.82	55,737.78
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	125,906.75	2,038,429.77	2,093,247.62	117,135.57

WFPC - Business	539,386.83	502,160.19
WSCC, LLC	732,156.09	721,752.82
Total	\$1,271,542.92	\$1,223,913.01

Total Deposits & Disbursements

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q1 2013

Bank Name	Beginning Balance		Deposits		Di	Disbursements		
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Dec-12	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13	Mar-13
Fernley I, LLC	9.42	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,800.00	2,875.00	2,000.00	964.34
P51 LLC	1,007.03	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,807.82	3,875.21	2,981.56	1,941.21
Santa Fe Venture	50.52	16,081.52	16,481.52	16,081.52	16,015.16	16,590.16	16,015.16	74.60
SFV II, LLC	2,702.16	4,925.80	2,425.80	2,425.80	2,960.42	5,028.36	2,496.68	1,994.10
WFPC - Corp	67,770.62	110,249.13	104,510.85	143,909.22	142,576.54	102,364.89	123,505.04	57,993.35
WFPC - Business	(18,749.44)	140,955.31	92,534.13	112,674.28	122,205.87	92,534.13	140,472.29	(27,798.01)
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	1,621.33	230.76	230.76	1,621.33	230.76	230.76	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	827.40	0.07	0.06	40.05	10.00	10.00	847.58	-
WFPC - Special	1,964.22	-	-	-	-	1,900.00	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	4,044.33	2,602.62	1,149.45	3,217.70	5,000.00	2,200.00	3,800.00	14.10
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	55,737.78	179,566.59	197,284.26	177,593.25	145,717.93	215,336.61	139,158.37	109,968.97
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	117,135.57	463,078.60	421,693.06	463,248.81	443,715.07	442,945.12	431,507.44	146,988.41

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	140,955.31	92,534.13	112,674.28	122,205.87	92,534.13	140,472.29
WSCC, LLC	179,566.59	197,284.26	177,593.25	145,717.93	215,336.61	139,158.37
Total	320,521.90	289,818.39	290,267.53	267,923.80	307,870.74	279,630.66

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$900,607.82

\$855,425.20

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q2 2013

Bank Name	Beginning Balance		Deposits		Endin Disbursements Balan		Disbursements	
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Mar-13	Apr-13	May-13	Jun-13	Apr-13	May-13	Jun-13	Jun-13
Fernley I, LLC	964.34	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	3,000.00	3,700.00	2,800.00	94.26
P51 LLC	1,941.21	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,275.83	4,984.94	4,773.31	4,344.87	513.10
Santa Fe Venture	74.60	16,881.52	25,169.18	6,753.09	16,815.16	16,015.16	16,015.16	32.91
SFV II, LLC	1,994.10	2,425.80	4,054.62	796.98	3,296.68	2,496.68	2,496.68	981.46
WFPC - Corp	57,993.35	148,679.60	260,798.10	67,596.34	198,319.99	172,094.04	138,755.25	25,898.11
WFPC - Business	(27,798.01)	187,973.73	157,534.81	135,155.25	160,175.72	157,534.81	135,155.25	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	346.26	-	-	346.26	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	14.10	2,256.41	3,338.96	1,117.79	1,900.00	1,900.00	2,300.00	627.26
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	109,968.97	180,478.43	201,521.66	148,506.25	198,991.99	224,764.21	133,486.39	83,232.72
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	146,988.41	546,117.98	659,493.56	367,078.17	587,830.74	583,278.21	435,353.60	113,215.57

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	187,973.73	157,534.81	135,155.25	160,175.72	157,534.81	135,155.25
WSCC, LLC	180,478.43	201,521.66	148,506.25	198,991.99	224,764.21	133,486.39
Total	368,452.16	359,056.47	283,661.50	359,167.71	382,299.02	268,641.64

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$1,011,170.13

\$1,010,108.37

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q3 2013

Bank Name	Beginning Balance	Deposits			Di	Ending Balance		
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Sep-13
Fernley I, LLC	94.26	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	-	5,800.00	2,900.00	24.18
P51 LLC	513.10	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,199.59	203.68	7,345.32	260.50	5,302.37
Santa Fe Venture	32.91	16,081.52	6,881.52	11,881.52	-	14,559.23	14,559.23	5,759.01
SFV II, LLC	981.46	2,425.80	2,425.80	2,425.80	-	2,496.68	-	5,762.18
WFPC - Corp	25,898.11	134,670.39	94,881.17	89,069.47	68,178.47	61,129.44	69,884.44	145,326.79
WFPC - Business	-	58,978.47	61,129.44	64,084.44	58,978.47	61,129.44	64,084.44	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	627.26	2,297.67	2,244.25	2,244.25	-	4,900.00	2,200.00	313.43
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	83,232.72	174,482.12	182,318.41	163,857.80	197,123.73	175,963.76	173,044.17	57,759.39
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	113,215.57	396,012.20	356,956.82	340,639.51	324,484.35	333,323.87	326,932.78	222,083.10

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	58,978.47	61,129.44	64,084.44	58,978.47	61,129.44	64,084.44
WSCC, LLC	174,482.12	182,318.41	163,857.80	197,123.73	175,963.76	173,044.17
Total	233,460.59	243,447.85	227,942.24	256,102.20	237,093.20	237,128.61

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$704,850.68

\$730,324.01

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q4 2013

Bank Name	Beginning Balance		Deposits		Di	sbursemen	ts	Ending Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Dec-13
Fernley I, LLC	24.18	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	-	2,800.00	-	5,854.10
P51 LLC	5,302.37	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,199.59	-	9,270.26	637.33	7,993.55
Santa Fe Venture	5,759.01	6,881.52	8,381.52	46,703.97	2,911.86	2,911.86	29,118.46	32,783.84
SFV II, LLC	5,762.18	2,425.80	2,425.80	2,568.20	4,993.36	-	2,496.68	5,691.94
WFPC - Corp	145,326.79	118,788.16	91,679.88	130,195.15	145,018.59	192,084.87	125,331.55	23,554.97
WFPC - Business	-	145,018.59	160,767.40	94,784.93	145,018.59	160,767.40	94,784.93	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	313.43	2,090.92	2,047.00	2,225.91	-	3,400.00	-	3,277.26
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	57,759.39	167,494.12	182,793.25	255,010.06	145,114.06	212,620.72	238,931.47	66,390.57
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	222,083.10	449,775.34	455,171.08	538,564.45	443,056.46	583,855.11	491,300.42	147,381.98

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	145,018.59	160,767.40	94,784.93	145,018.59	160,767.40	94,784.93
WSCC, LLC	167,494.12	182,793.25	255,010.06	145,114.06	212,620.72	238,931.47
Total	312,512.71	343,560.65	349,794.99	290,132.65	373,388.12	333,716.40

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$1,005,868.35

\$997,237.17

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q1 2014

Bank Name	Beginning Balance		Deposits		D	isbursemer	nts	Ending Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Mar-14
Fernley I, LLC	5,854.10	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	8,500.00	-	5,800.00	184.02
P51 LLC	7,993.55	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,199.59	11,142.22	298.71	8,702.39	449.00
Santa Fe Venture	32,783.84	22,787.91	16,014.99	16,014.99	10,911.86	-	16,617.79	60,072.08
SFV II, LLC	5,691.94	4,161.42	2,497.00	2,497.00	-	-	7,490.04	7,357.32
WFPC - Corp	23,554.97	231,660.26	115,442.20	134,347.31	95,818.53	233,757.37	115,687.92	59,740.92
WFPC - Business	-	88,567.92	229,290.62	113,846.03	88,567.92	229,290.62	113,846.03	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	3,277.26	2,925.32	1,077.23	2,068.36	-	6,100.00	2,000.00	1,248.17
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	66,390.57	204,749.94	212,410.11	212,989.28	249,254.34	204,235.34	230,435.50	12,614.72
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	147,381.98	561,929.00	583,808.38	488,839.20	464,194.87	673,682.04	500,579.67	143,501.98

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WI	FPC - Business	88,567.92	229,290.62	113,846.03	88,567.92	229,290.62	113,846.03
I	WSCC, LLC	204,749.94	212,410.11	212,989.28	249,254.34	204,235.34	230,435.50
	Total	293,317.86	441,700.73	326,835.31	337,822.26	433,525.96	344,281.53

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$1,061,853.90

\$1,115,629.75

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q2 2014

Bank Name	Beginning Balance		Deposits		D	isbursemer	nts	Ending Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jun-14
Fernley I, LLC	184.02	2,876.64	3,198.64	2,876.64	2,800.00	3,459.00	-	2,876.94
P51 LLC	449.00	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,403.33	4,284.64	148.10	4,211.70
Santa Fe Venture	60,072.08	16,014.99	16,014.99	16,014.99	60,492.85	15,022.28	-	32,601.92
SFV II, LLC	7,357.32	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,497.00	3,296.68	478.80	-	11,072.84
WFPC - Corp	59,740.92	116,140.38	132,208.18	107,164.49	131,462.07	155,898.58	70,157.92	57,735.40
WFPC - Business	-	113,846.03	113,846.03	113,846.03	113,846.03	113,846.03	113,846.03	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	1,248.17	2,029.09	2,597.82	1,386.88	3,000.00	1,000.00	-	3,261.96
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	12,614.72	203,469.42	201,879.02	199,660.44	197,286.57	216,824.12	186,013.63	17,499.28
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	143,501.98	461,073.14	476,441.27	447,646.06	516,587.53	510,813.45	370,165.68	131,095.79

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

	WFPC - Business	113,846.03	113,846.03	113,846.03	113,846.03	113,846.03	113,846.03
Ī	WSCC, LLC	203,469.42	201,879.02	199,660.44	197,286.57	216,824.12	186,013.63
Ī	Total	317,315.45	315,725.05	313,506.47	311,132.60	330,670.15	299,859.66

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$946,546.97

\$941,662.41

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q3 2014

Bank Name	Beginning Balance		Deposits		D	isbursemer	nts	Ending Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Sep-14
Fernley I, LLC	2,876.94	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	-	8,400.00	3,000.00	106.86
P51 LLC	4,211.70	4,199.59	6,149.59	4,199.59	2,176.71	9,806.21	5,618.18	1,159.37
Santa Fe Venture	32,601.92	16,014.99	16,014.99	16,014.99	48,045.48	1,455.93	16,015.16	15,130.32
SFV II, LLC	11,072.84	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,497.00	7,490.04	2,496.68	2,496.68	6,080.44
WFPC - Corp	57,735.40	107,127.46	123,429.37	122,620.40	116,803.46	106,533.97	182,070.70	5,504.50
WFPC - Business	-	<u>112,816.97</u>	100,961.80	178,651.46	112,816.97	100,961.80	178,651.46	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	3,261.96	2,172.96	1,682.81	1,471.60	4.75	6,000.00	2,000.00	584.58
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	17,499.28	198,314.82	194,265.45	201,572.75	202,888.73	193,092.66	200,548.36	15,122.55
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	131,095.79	446,020.43	447,877.65	529,904.43	490,226.14	428,747.25	590,400.54	45,524.37

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	112,816.97	100,961.80	178,651.46	112,816.97	100,961.80	178,651.46
WSCC, LLC	198,314.82	194,265.45	201,572.75	202,888.73	193,092.66	200,548.36
Total	311,131.79	295,227.25	380,224.21	315,705.70	294,054.46	379,199.82

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$986,583.25

\$988,959.98

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q4 2014

Bank Name	Beginning Balance		Deposits		D	isbursemer	nts	Ending Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Dec-14
Fernley I, LLC	106.86	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,900.00	2,900.00	2,900.00	36.78
P51 LLC	1,159.37	4,849.59	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,762.62	3,766.57	4,423.49	1,455.46
Santa Fe Venture	15,130.32	16,014.99	16,014.99	16,014.99	16,015.16	16,015.16	30,574.39	570.58
SFV II, LLC	6,080.44	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,496.68	2,496.68	2,496.68	6,081.40
WFPC - Corp	5,504.50	121,214.48	118,471.71	117,652.44	101,674.58	92,643.40	153,593.03	14,932.12
WFPC - Business	-	92,807.39	88,941.92	149,922.64	92,807.39	88,941.92	149,922.64	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	584.58	2,084.55	672.11	1,602.18	1,900.00	1,400.00	1,100.00	543.42
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	15,122.55	347,667.44	53,592.37	199,244.00	211,992.21	172,899.87	220,517.31	10,216.97
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	45,524.37	590,012.08	287,266.33	494,009.48	434,548.64	381,063.60	565,527.54	35,672.48

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	92,807.39	88,941.92	149,922.64	92,807.39	88,941.92	149,922.64
WSCC, LLC	347,667.44	53,592.37	199,244.00	211,992.21	172,899.87	220,517.31
Total	440,474.83	142,534.29	349,166.64	304,799.60	261,841.79	370,439.95

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$932,175.76

\$937,081.34

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q1 2015

Bank Name	Beginning Balance	Deposits			Disbursements			Ending Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	Mar-15
Fernley I, LLC	36.78	2,876.64	3,451.64	2,876.64	2,800.00	3,475.00	2,800.00	166.70
P51 LLC	1,455.46	4,199.59	4,199.59	4,849.59	4,206.53	4,285.10	4,550.33	1,662.27
Santa Fe Venture	570.58	16,014.99	9,342.07	29,436.52	1,455.93	2,030.93	37,223.00	14,654.30
SFV II, LLC	6,081.40	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,496.68	2,496.68	2,496.68	6,082.36
WFPC - Corp	14,932.12	116,942.49	112,220.66	123,573.68	103,162.16	111,440.59	122,604.87	30,461.33
WFPC - Business	-	98,797.00	104,039.88	118,832.93	98,797.00	104,039.88	118,832.93	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	543.42	1,552.48	1,484.18	1,169.82	1,800.00	1,450.00	1,400.00	99.90
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	10,216.97	208,920.64	183,452.95	195,780.47	196,683.06	182,844.48	199,090.14	19,753.35
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	35,672.48	451,800.83	420,687.97	479,016.65	411,401.36	412,062.66	488,997.95	74,715.96

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	98,797.00	104,039.88	118,832.93	98,797.00	104,039.88	118,832.93
WSCC, LLC	208,920.64	183,452.95	195,780.47	196,683.06	182,844.48	199,090.14
Total	307,717.64	287,492.83	314,613.40	295,480.06	286,884.36	317,923.07

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$909,823.87

\$900,287.49

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q2 2015

Bank Name	Beginning Balance	Deposits			Disbursements			Ending Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Mar-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Apr-15	May-15	Jun-15	Jun-15
Fernley I, LLC	166.70	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	800.00	5,000.00	2,900.00	96.62
P51 LLC	1,662.27	4,199.59	4,199.59	5,174.59	1,959.17	6,409.23	4,759.28	2,108.36
Santa Fe Venture	14,654.30	12,615.07	12,242.07	15,242.07	15,359.23	-	1,154.00	38,240.28
SFV II, LLC	6,082.36	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,497.00	3,296.68	-	4,993.36	5,283.32
WFPC - Corp	30,461.33	99,955.21	121,473.35	104,360.71	81,608.97	39,258.66	213,091.18	22,291.79
WFPC - Business	-	78,339.66	35,727.22	208,521.59	78,339.66	35,727.22	208,521.59	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	99.90	882.37	829.47	936.16	-	1,606.59	900.00	241.31
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	19,753.35	177,549.06	174,885.10	175,086.58	182,591.12	164,631.98	174,403.12	25,647.87
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	74,715.96	378,914.60	354,730.44	514,695.34	363,954.83	252,633.68	610,722.53	95,745.30

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	78,339.66	35,727.22	208,521.59	78,339.66	35,727.22	208,521.59
WSCC, LLC	177,549.06	174,885.10	175,086.58	182,591.12	164,631.98	174,403.12
Total	255,888.72	210,612.32	383,608.17	260,930.78	200,359.20	382,924.71

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$850,109.21

\$844,214.69

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q3 2015

Bank Name	Beginning Balance	Deposits			Disbursements			Ending Balance
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Jun-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Jul-15	Aug-15	Sep-15	Sep-15
Fernley I, LLC	96.62	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,876.64	2,900.00	2,900.00	2,900.00	26.54
P51 LLC	2,108.36	5,174.59	4,199.59	4,849.59	5,119.70	6,292.63	4,250.00	669.80
Santa Fe Venture	38,240.28	9,242.07	14,142.07	5,110.23	-	-	5,110.23	61,624.42
SFV II, LLC	5,283.32	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,497.00	2,496.68	2,496.68	-	7,780.96
WFPC - Corp	22,291.79	104,709.30	120,287.20	78,479.92	62,868.48	152,086.13	35,332.71	75,480.89
WFPC - Business	-	58,658.55	147,729.74	16,992.34	58,658.55	147,729.74	16,992.34	(0.00)
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	241.31	1,020.74	904.73	372.66	700.00	750.00	900.00	189.44
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	25,647.87	402,143.02	52,410.92	135,343.81	272,971.15	184,335.42	117,472.22	40,766.83
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	95,745.30	586,321.91	345,047.89	246,522.19	405,714.56	496,590.60	182,957.50	188,374.63

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	58,658.55	147,729.74	16,992.34	58,658.55	147,729.74	16,992.34
WSCC, LLC	402,143.02	52,410.92	135,343.81	272,971.15	184,335.42	117,472.22
Total	460,801.57	200,140.66	152,336.15	331,629.70	332,065.16	134,464.56

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$813,278.38

\$798,159.42

WFPC Receipts and Disbursements Schedule Q4 2015

Bank Name	Beginning Balance	Deposits			D	Ending Balance		
BANK ACCOUNTS:	Sep-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Oct-15	Nov-15	Dec-15	Dec-15
Fernley I, LLC	26.54	2,876.64	-	5,753.28	2,900.00	-	2,800.00	2,956.46
P51 LLC	669.80	5,099.59	650.00	8,399.18	5,141.85	386.16	4,277.50	5,013.06
Santa Fe Venture	61,624.42	11,092.62	-	-	71,015.52	-	-	1,701.52
SFV II, LLC	7,780.96	2,497.00	-	4,994.00	2,496.68	2,496.68	5,593.36	4,685.24
WFPC - Corp	75,480.89	354,766.43	972.23	129,414.68	145,444.80	219,946.31	101,193.23	94,049.89
WFPC - Business	(0.00)	129,409.37	199,026.65	75,959.96	129,409.37	199,026.65	75,959.96	-
WFPC - Payroll (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - MMKT (Closed)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WFPC - Special	64.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	64.22
WFPC - FFP	189.44	931.09	812.04	1,199.94	900.00	-	1,600.00	632.51
WFPC - Las Vegas Prop Tax	1,771.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,771.53
WSCC, LLC	40,766.83	159,327.42	125,055.58	115,938.39	164,566.78	43,628.94	201,700.20	31,192.30
Total WFPC Bank Accounts	188,374.63	666,000.16	326,516.50	341,659.43	521,875.00	465,484.74	393,124.25	142,066.73

ACH & Sweep Transactions Appearing Twice

WFPC - Business	129,409.37	199,026.65	75,959.96	129,409.37	199,026.65	75,959.96
WSCC, LLC	159,327.42	125,055.58	115,938.39	164,566.78	43,628.94	201,700.20
Total	288,736.79	324,082.23	191,898.35	293,976.15	242,655.59	277,660.16

Total Deposits & Disbursements

\$804,717.37

\$814,291.90